Guaranteed Bona-Fide, Every-Day Circulation Larger Than That Of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One Year, by Mail, $5.00
Six Months, " 2.50
Three Months, " 1.25
Two Months, " 1.00
Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

VOL. LXXI.—NO. 91. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 7, 1903. WHOLE NO. 11,036

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

The bill for the creation of a general staff for the army passed the House. —— The Interstate Commerce Commission will take testimony in Charlotte, N. C. to-day regarding the complaint of unjust discrimination in railroad freight rates against Charlotte. —— A bill has been introduced in the Senate providing for free importation of commodities controlled by trusts. —— The Mexican Government is doing everything in its power to exterminate the plague at Mazatlan. Fire at New Orleans threatened to wipe out Newspaper row; the damage was about $35,000. —— Senator Hoar addressed the Senate on his bill regarding trusts. —— Four persons lost their lives in a hotel fire at Chicago. —— Norwegian barque Prince Albert wrecked off the coast of Washington, and eight of the crew were drowned. —— Geo. W. Williams, a millionaire, of Charleston, S. C., died yesterday, aged 83 years. —— N. Y. markets: Money on call quoted steady at 4@6 per cent; cotton—quiet at 8 90c; flour was quiet and easy; wheat—spot easy; No. 2 red 79½c; corn—spot easy, No. 2 58c; oats—spot firm; No. 2 38½c; rosin—firm; spirits turpentine firm.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. Dep't of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 6

Meteorological data for the twenty-four hours ending at 8 P. M.:

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 40 degrees; 8 P. M., 37 degrees; maximum, 47 degrees; minimum, 37 degrees; mean, 42 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, 08; rainfall since 1st of month to date, 1.18.

Stage of water in the Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, N. C., at 8 A. M. Monday 24 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

Washington, Jan. 6.—For North Carolina: Fair, warmer Wednesday and Thursday; fresh southeast winds to south.

Port Almanac—January 7.

Sun Rises	7.10 A. M.
Sun Sets	5.04 P. M.
Day's Length	9 H. 53 M.
High Water at Southport	1.33 A. M.
High Water Wilmington	3.53 A. M.

According to the census returns there are 600,000 Smiths in this country, and they keep a comin'.

Last year $140,260,850 worth of property was destroyed by fire in this country and in Canada, a pretty big loss, but about $15,000,000 less than in 1901.

A New York star gazer informs the New York *Sun* that this will be the coldest January this country has ever had. He was probably banking on the scarcity of coal.

As Senator Hoar has entered the lists against the trusts and jumped to the front he may prepare for some roasting by the New York *Sun*, which shines for the trusts.

A contemporary calls the attention of the W. C. T. U. to Russia, where "6,000,000,000 corks are used annually for alcoholic beverages." A pretty dry sort of beverage. But maybe they suck 'em.

Dr. Searcey, Superintendent of the Insane Hospitals of Alabama, says insanity is on the increase in civilized countries, while there are very few insane in uncivilized countries Of course. Civilized people have more to worry over and make them crazy than savages have.

The U. S. Patent office has refused to grant a trade mark to a Northern florist who wanted to dub one of his roses "Roosevelt." As there are other roses which smell as sweet, and this one would smell as sweet under any other name, the Patent men didn't see why it should aspire to Presidential prestige.

A Cornell University professor, who monkeys with the monkey, has relegated the gorilla as the connecting-link-cousin to man and installed the unsophisticated ourangoutang. Glad of that. We were never favorably impressed with the gorilla's looks anyway, nor his ways either.

Some one who has been predicting the possible results of a war between this country and European powers, says we would probably lose the Philippines. We might not lose them, but it would cost more to hold them than they would be worth, if they haven't already done that.

Some of the New York papers are becoming alarmed at the large tide of immigration to this country. One of them, the *Mail and Express*, notes the fact that of the 545,750 who arrived at Ellis Island last year, they had an average in money of only $5.51 and only 22,274 had more than $30. But they manage to hustle along and get a grip notwithstanding the small amount of cash they bring.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Friends will regret to know that Mr. J. M. Hardwicke is quite sick at his home No. 810 Princess street.

— The quarantine for scarlet fever upon the residence of Mr. W. E. Perdew, 310 North Seventh street, has been raised.

— Clarendon Lodge, No. 2, K. of P. and Cape Fear Lodge of Odd Fellows installed officers last night for the ensuing term.

— Attention of merchants and business men is called to the fact that schedule B tax is due and payable the first ten days in January.

— A thoroughly competent compositor accustomed to newspaper work may secure employment by applying at the Star office.

— First Church of Christ Scientist, Murchison Bank building, on Chesnut street; services this evening at 8 o'clock. All are invited.

— Dr. Calvin S. Blackwell has been invited by the soldiers at Fort Caswell to conduct religious services at the army post on Friday night.

— The annual exodus of negroes from this section to the turpentine farms of Georgia and Florida has begun and the railroads are beginning to look out for the traffic.

— The schooner *Venus*, Capt. Foxwell, cleared yesterday for Baltimore with cargo of 300,000 feet of lumber, consigned by the Angola Lumber Co.

— The annual roll call of members at the First Baptist church will take place next Sunday morning in connection with the regular service at 11 o'clock. All members are urged to be present.

— There was not a single prisoner in the police station yesterday. The Health Department took that occasion to fumigate all the cells and put them in the best sanitary condition, consistent with the nature of things.

— The negro servant arrested Monday on a charge of having been implicated in the robbery of the residence of Rev. R. B. John, was discharged yesterday by the police, no evidence having developed against her.

— By deed filed for record yesterday Robert B. Lewis, administrator, et. al. conveyed to Virginia L. Trezevant, of Fort Motte, S. C., for $1,800, lot on east side of Eighth, between Dock and Orange streets, 70x75 feet in size.

— With perhaps a wish as a father of the observation, several persons thought they could observe a little snow in the drizzling rain that fell in Wilmington yesterday morning. It was sleeting in Florence yesterday but none of it came this way.

— Norfolk *Landmark*: "Several names have been mentioned as possibilities for the pastorate of the First Baptist church, made vacant by the resignation of the Rev. E. B. Hatcher. Among those mentioned are the Rev. Dr. Blackwell, of Wilmington, N. C.; the Rev. Dr. Battle, of Petersburg, and the Rev. M. Hale, of Kentucky."

LIST OF LETTERS.

Remaining Uncalled For in the Wilmington Postoffice, Jan. 7th, 1903.

MEN'S LIST.

J. M. Alford, Benjamin Bechar, Thos. Brown, Jacob Britton (2), Alfred Coombs, W. J. Croom, M. Cole, J. M. Davis, Henry Edwards, W. F. Farrow, Thos. E Fields, J. F. Farrow, Wm. Hollis, Chas. Haas, J. B Hewett, Geo. Hines, E J. Lanier, Wellon Loves, C. F. McClinston, A. Murphy, W. W. Murray, Robert Mann, Matthew Mason, R. B. Nichols, R. B Pesler, Lu Phillips, A. L. Russell, B. O Rogers, W R. Russ, M. I. Rogers, J. W. Randall, D R. Smith, J. A. Seemer, Master Elwin Stanley, D F. Toler, W. G. Wade, R. E Wallace, R. C. Williams, M. G. Wright, Johnny Wallas.

WOMEN'S LIST.

Mrs. Vandalia Colvin, Miss Mayme Bonhraux, Miss Mittie Boykin, Mrs. Jas Connelly, Mrs. C. A. Clork, Mrs. Carrie Davidson, Miss Bessie Forster, Miss Sarah Ann Gillespie, Mrs. Nancy Holloman, Miss Janie Hall, Miss Hannah J. Jasper, Miss Louisa Laurence, Miss Ellen Mole, Mrs. Anna Lula Smith, Mrs. L J. Smith, Miss Martha Samuels, Miss Isadora Scott, Miss Carrie Smith, Mrs. W. H. Muse, Mrs. Sarah Wright, Mrs. Mary White.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in fifteen days they will be sent to the dead letter office.

M. C. Darby, Postmaster.

Observing "Week of Prayer."

The ladies missionary societies of the three Presbyterian congregations in the city are observing a "Week of Prayer" this week. Joint services were held Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock in St. Andrew's church and at Immanuel church yesterday afternoon. To-day at 4 P. M. joint services will be held at the First church and again at the same hour Friday afternoon. The meetings are being well attended and are very interesting. The ladies of the First Baptist church are also observing the week with services each day at 3:30 P. M.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Geo. L. Morton Co.—Notice.
Hall and Pearsall—Fertilizer.
A. D. Brown—Embroideries, finest.
Consolidated Railways, Light and Power Co.—For reading light.

BUSINESS LOCALS

Mechanics' Home As'n—New series.
Consolidated Railways, Light and Power Co.—Gas heaters.

J. E. TYNER ON TRIAL.

A Young White Man Who Is Charged With Perjury in the Superior Court.

THE SESSIONS YESTERDAY.

Negroes Who Engaged in a Pistol Duel at Angola Lumber Mill—Jury Brought in Written Verdict—Docket May Be Cleared This Evening.

All of yesterday afternoon's session of the Superior Court was taken up in the trial of the case of J. E. Tyner, charged with perjury, particulars of which are well known to readers of the city papers. The case was entered upon first thing after the dinner recess and at 5:30 P. M., when adjournment was taken for the day, only a part of the evidence had been heard. The case is easily one of the most important of the term and will likely require another half-day's session of the court for its completion. Tyner is represented by Brooke G. Empie, Esq., and Solicitor Duffy is looking after the interests of the State.

Tyner is charged with having testified falsely in the Mayor's court about two weeks ago that he bought no liquor on Sunday from Ben Jones, a colored restaurant keeper who was tried in the Superior Court Monday. Mayor Waddell was first introduced yesterday for the State in the case against Tyner, to prove what was testified to at the preliminary trial of Ben Jones. Special Officer C. T. Croom testified to having seen Tyner purchase the liquor from Jones and he was corroborated by Jim New, who was given the money to make the purchase. The State rested its testimony here and the defence introduced the defendant Tyner, who testified that he purchased no liquor from Jones, but bought some from New, on the wharf; that he tried to get some liquor from Jones, but he had none. The negro Jones corroborated Tyner and Hon. Jno. D. Bellamy testified to an alleged variance of Croom's testimony with that given by him before the mayor. Mr. Bellamy was counsel for Jones at the original hearing. Several other witnesses are to be introduced for the defence when court re assembles this morning at 10 o'clock. If nothing unforeseen occurs, the docket of the term may be cleared this evening or to-morrow morning.

The only case of interest tried yesterday morning was that of the two negroes, Balaam Johnson and Foster Williams, who engaged in a pistol duel the day before Christmas on the yards of the Angola Lumber Company, beyond Hilton Park. Johnson was represented by Brooke G. Empie, Esq., and Williams had Herbert McClammy, Esq., for his counsel. The jury, through its foreman, Mr. Jno. R Hanby, brought in a written verdict finding the defendants each guilty of assault with a deadly weapon and carrying concealed and using deadly weapons, with recommendation of Williams to the mercy of the court. Johnson was sentenced to the roads for four months in the first enumeration of the charge, and one month in the feature of carrying concealed weapons. Judge Peebles intimated that he might reduce either or both sentences, if Johnson could introduce witnesses to-day that he is a man of good character. He is a native of Onslow county, but Solicitor Duffy jocularly remarked in response to taunts from some of his legal friends that he could not vouch for his good name. The disposition of Williams' case was left open until to-day for Judge Peebles to hear how he was regarded by his employers as to character.

The sheriff upon the opening of court at 10 A. M., returned the list of jurors summoned for the day with the exception of Geo. W. Cameron, R. L. King, James H. Melvin, Wm. Henry Montgomery, who were not found, and J. Hill Bunting and J. W. Freeman, Jr., who were excused. The following cases were disposed of:

George Pigford, larceny; continued by consent to March term.

Wesley Watson, larceny; verdict not guilty.

James, alias James Floyd, larceny; verdict guilty; 12 months at hard labor upon roads of the county.

The following talesmen were ordered summoned for service to-day: L. B. Brown, Jno. A. Farrow, E. F. Conway, Jno. B Dempsey, J. R. Guthrie, Wm. Padrick, L. B. Bissenger, J. G. King, Sr.; Sam Bear, Sr., I. J. Sternberger, Jno. W. Bryan, Chas. F. Craig, J. W. Knowles, Ezekiel Skipper, Geo. T. Shepard.

After court had adjourned yesterday Judge Peebles heard a motion by Stevens, Beasley & Weeks to set aside the judgment in the case of A. G. Rieaud, receiver of the First National Bank against Andrew J. Flanner. The motion was resisted by ex Judge E. K. Bryan and T. W. Davis, Esq., and Judge Peebles took the papers in the case and said he would give his decision later.

KNIGHTS OF HONOR INSTALLATION.

Officers That Will Serve Carolina Lodge During Ensuing Term.

Carolina Lodge No. 434, Knights of Honor, last night installed officers as follows:

P. G. D.—R. M. Wescott.
D.—Geo. N. Harriss.
V. D.—A. J. Howell.
A. D.—Otto Banck.
Reporter—S. G. Hall.
F. R.—T. O Bunting.
T.—Jno. L. Cantwell.
Chaplain—Rev. J. W. Craig.
Guide—R. C. Cantwell.
Guardian—Wm. A. Willson.
Secretary—J. M. McGowan.
Trustees—R C. Cantwell, R. M. Wescott and J. M. McGowan.

— Mr. John Giles returned to the University yesterday.

THE POULTRY SHOW OPEN.

Magnificent Exhibition at City Hall by Wilmington P. & L. S. Association. Special Features of the Fair.

The Poultry Show opened yesterday morning and, while the "big days" are yet to come, the fair may be pronounced already a splendid success. The number of exhibits is unusually large and the fowls are the finest in three States. Every one of the four hundred coops are filled and the management is making arrangements for more. The attendance yesterday was not large, but last night there was decidedly "something doing" with the doorkeeper and many were charmed with the exhibition. The hall in which the show is being given is comfortably heated and well lighted. One of these long evenings may be spent in no more delightful manner than in "taking in" the show. The admission is 15 cents for adults and 10 cents for children.

The judging of the exhibits will begin this morning by Dr. Stephen T. Lee, of Hodges, S. C., an expert in his line. He could not reach here yesterday, owing to the fact that he missed train connection at Hamlet, but a telegram stated that he would arrive on the freight train late last night. Mr. A. S. Harrill, of Ellenboro, N. C., is the capable superintendent of the show, and he is being assisted by Mr. W. A. Bonitz, of Wilmington.

It is impossible to go into details as to the exhibits. Mr. Henry J. Jaeger, proprietor of the Palmetto White Fantail Lofts and Bantam Yards at Florence, S. C., has the finest exhibition of 23 coops of pigeons and pheasants ever seen here. "White Fantails are King" in the Palmetto lofts and Mr. Jaeger may well claim that he has a boss exhibit at the show. Another exhibit of pheasants is expected to day.

The general exhibition of a huge pair of raccoons, a ferret, guinea pigs, cavies, Belgian hares, Angora rabbits, etc. is also very fine and is well worth a visit to the fair. A very creditable exhibit of squirrels and canaries by Mr. Jos. C. Shepard, Jr., is another feature. The "performing geese" by Mr. W. A. Bonitz do a stunt on the platform at the south end of the room, which is very amusing and wonderful.

The poultry show is all right and should be well patronized.

TWO FALSE FIRE ALARMS.

Turned in Last Night from Boxes 49 and 52—The Day's Record.

On a bitter cold night, just ten minutes to the midnight hour, the fifty-odd laddies of the Wilmington Fire Department hopped out of warm cots in the various stations last night and responded to two false alarms sent in quick succession from distant points in the city. The first came from box 49, Fifth and Castle streets, and no sooner had the apparatus arrived on the scene there, than a second false alarm came from box 52, Seventh and Queen streets. The firemen inclined to profanity for a while made it warm enough to cheer the spirits of their brethren who did not curse, and then all returned with no clue to the scoundrel who caused all their trouble.

Other alarms yesterday called out the department at 8:10 A. M. on account of the burning out of a chimney at the residence of Mr. B. F. White, 806 Market street, and at 6:40 P. M. a small fire in the office of Mr. Dan Quinlivian, 106 North Second street, caused a damage of about $10.

DROPPED DEAD IN FLAT CABIN.

Young Negro Man Died Suddenly Last Night, Foot of Princess Street.

William Keaton, colored, 28 years old and a laborer formerly employed in Wilmington by Flynn & Co., of this city, dropped dead last night about 7:30 o'clock in the cabin of a flat belonging to a friend and tied up in the Princess street dock. Keaton was eating a potato in the cabin and died instantly of heart failure. He had been complaining of being unwell yesterday, but expected to leave last night on the steamer *Hurt* to begin cutting cross-ties near his home in Bladen county.

The death was reported to Dr. C. D. Bell, the coroner, and he came down, viewed the body and turned it over to Undertaker King for burial. Keaton married a daughter of Gus Moore, the well known colored pilot on the tug *F. and F.* and the remains will be taken to Bladen county on that boat to-day for interment. The only child of the dead man died a few months ago.

City of Fayetteville Off.

The steamer *City of Fayetteville*, Capt. Fromberger, left for Fayetteville at 8:30 o'clock yesterday morning, piloted by Capt. Jeff Bradshaw, of the steamer *Highlander*. The new boat expected to reach her destination last night. President Lisman, of the company, accompanied by his wife, and General Manager Cooke, were members of the party which went up up on the steamer.

A Great Peanut Year.

A dispatch from Richmond, Va., to the New York *Packer* says: "In the neighborhood of 100,000 bags of peanuts have been brought to this market since Nov. 1, the large bulk of which have been sold on or soon after arrival. While the acreage in peanuts in Virginia was decreased some 15 or 20 per cent this year, and probably to a large extent in North Carolina, the yield per acre and the quality of the nuts were vastly better than in many previous years, and the planters have in consequence made money. In quality the nuts are fully matured and solid."

THE PATROL WAGON.

Board of Audit and Finance Chairman Gave True Inwardness of the Matter.

THE MEETING LAST NIGHT.

Purchase of New Vehicle Deferred for Further Information—Passing of the Old "Maria"—Other Business Transacted at the Session.

The matter of the purchase of a police patrol wagon was perhaps the important consideration at the regular semi-monthly meeting of the Board of Audit and Finance, held last night. Members in attendance were Mr. H. C. McQueen, chairman; Messrs. Jesse Wilder, C. W. Yates and J. A. Orrell.

The purchase of the wagon was called to the attention of the Board by a communication from the Aldermen, setting forth, among other things, that at a special meeting in December $350 had been appropriated for that purpose. Alderman VonGlahn, chairman of the Police Committee, was present to urge concurrence in the appropriation and Mr. W. D. McMillan, Jr., of the S. P. Cowan Livery Co., was present to request that the Board allow something for the use of the old wagon, about the payment for which there was so much controversy in the courts, the case having finally resulted in a victory for the Board of Audit and Finance. In this connection, Chairman McQueen took occasion to say that his Board had been misrepresented and unduly criticised for its action in this matter; probably due to a misapprehension of the facts.

"There were several reasons for not approving the bill," said Mr. McQueen. "In the first place, in making a purchase of this character, bids should have been asked for. The price of the harness ($70) was thought to be unreasonably high, the wagon too expensive and too heavy for one horse, and two horses would have been too expensive for the proposed service. So far as I have heard, the chief reasons for a patrol wagon are to avoid dragging drunken men and women through the streets and to carry arrested persons from distant points to the police station. I do not suppose this Board objects to the purchase of a suitable vehicle for this purpose, but they do not think the city should be put to the expense of buying and maintaining a heavy and costly wagon, capable of carrying eight or ten men."

The matter of purchasing a new wagon was left open for further consideration and other business was entered upon. Later, in regard to the petition of Mr. McMillan, there was discussion among members of the Board and, while all took the ground that no legal obligation was involved, there was probably a moral responsibility to pay something for the use of wagon and harness. The matter will, however, probably be adjusted by the Chairman later.

Action of the Aldermen in appropriating $400 for two extra fire horses; increasing the tax on money loan offices from $10 to $15 per month; allowing the fee of ex-Judge E. K. Bryan for $100 and Miss Shrier $25 for stenographic service in the case of Hullen vs. City of Wilmington, was concurred in.

No action was taken in regard to Maj. W. F. Robertson's bid of $255 for removing the fire hydrant from between the Carolina Central tracks on Nutt street. Mr. Wilder was of the opinion that it might be more advantageous to let the hydrant remain where it is and open Brunswick street to the river where an inexhaustible supply of water could be obtained in addition to the water works.

Fifth Street bridge having been reported as accepted, the remaining half of the contract price ($3,22[illegible]) was ordered paid to the contractor, Geo. H. Craft, of Atlanta.

The other business before the Board was of a routine nature and adjournment was taken subject to call.

Charged With Enticing Sailors.

Upon complaint of Capt. Stasse, master of the Dutch steamer *Zeeburg*, which will sail in a few days for Savannah, G. VanHeel and R Rose, two sailors, were committed to jail by Justice Fowler yesterday until the vessel is ready to depart. The sailors are charged with desertion and they are alleged to have been enticed from aboard the vessel by S. Washington, a colored woman, and P. Thompson, a colored man, who are proprietors of a restaurant on Nutt street. The Washington woman and Thompson were arrested upon the charge of enticing the sailors to leave and will be tried before Magistrate S. P. Collier to-day.

Accepted Fifth Street Bridge.

The Streets and Wharves Committee formally accepted the Fifth Street bridge yesterday and it will be thrown open to the public Saturday or Monday. Temporary approaches will have to be built until the sand is thoroughly settled to allow the laying of brick. The new bridge is a very handsome structure and is after the model of the Fourth Street bridge with the exception that it has only one driveway.

Former Fayetteville Man Dead.

Mr. John M. Moore, Jr., who removed to Wilmington from Fayetteville about six months ago, died yesterday afternoon at his home in this city, No. 708 South Eighth street. Mr. Jno. M. Moore, Jr., who is employed by the Southern Express Co., arrived last night and will take the remains to Fayetteville this morning.

PARISH OF SAINT JAMES.

Poem by Mr. James Sprunt and Sketch Containing Much That Is of Historical Interest.

The Star is indebted to Mr. James Sprunt for the following lines written in 1839 on the occasion of the last public service in St. James church, which was demolished and part of its material used for the erection of the present edifice, an account of the laying the corner stone of which is also given herewith. The extract is from the Wilmington *Weekly Chronicle*, a newspaper edited by Mr. Asa A. Brown in 1839:

[For The Chronicle.]

Begun 1751. Finished 1775. Demolished 1839.

The last services in St. James Church were of course attended with more than ordinary interest, and fancy could fashion sentiments something like the following, as passing through the minds of many of the congregation.

Time honoured fane which oft four childhood sought,
On welcome Sabbath hours, and hither brought,
Our young affections offering happy days'
That viewed the future staged with golden rays.

And as our years advanced with stealthy pace,
With lions full girded, entered on life's race,
Here did we turn for lines of heavenly truth,
Her wisdom teaching rules, fit guides of youth.

When cares and troubles gloomed the path of life,
Here sought we still fresh vigor for the strife,
Religion's blessed precepts here were heard,
And lips devout, dispensed the inspiring word.

Our fathers, too, this holy temple trod,
With grateful hearts they came to worship God
In contrite spirit, humbly, lowly knelt,
And cheerful faith, with true devotion felt.

Here have we gathered 'round the mournful bier,
Whilst breaking hearts scarce shed one burning tear,
Here have we heard the last, long lingering knell,
Of "earth to earth" and "dust to dust" to dwell.

Tarice honored fane and must thou fall at last,
May not thy merits plead—thy history past,
Will not fond love avert the fearful doom,
Sounds there no warning voice from yonder tomb?

Farewell old Church, we bid thee then farewell,
Yet do the parting words with sorrow swell
Our hearts and eyes, and e'en we linger still,
The cord that binds us here cannot be broke at will A.

The ceremony of laying the corner stone of the new Church of St. James was performed on Wednesday last, 3rd. April 1839. The Rev. R. B. Drane, Rector of the Parish, officiated in the absence of the Bishop of the Diocese. At 10 o'clock the Congregation, and a large concourse of others, assembled at the Lecture Room, (the present place of worship) thence moved in procession to the site of the new edifice, at the S. E. corner of Market and Third Streets. The service set forth for such occasions was there gone through with, and the stone adjusted to its proper place. In the cavity of the stone, was placed the scroll, copied below, together with the articles named upon it. The Rector then pronounced a very appropriate and impressive address.

The day was bright and lovely, beaming auspiciously upon the scene, inspiring a cheering hope of a happy termination to the undertaking so happily begun.

PRO DEO, PRO ECCLESIA, PRO HOMINUM SALUTE.

In the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost—Amen.

This corner stone of St. James Church, is laid this third day of April, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine. (1839)

The Right Rev. Levi Silliman Ives, D. D. L. L. D., being the Bishop of the Diocese of North Carolina.

The Rev. Robert Brent Drane, being the Rector of St. James Church and officiating on the occasion.

Dr. A. J. DeRosset,
W. C. Lord,
Wardens.

Thos. H. Wright,
A. J. DeRosset, Jr.,
Wm. B. Giles,
Wm. A. Williams,
Jas. T. Miller,
Vestry.

The design of this building was by T. U. Walter, of Philadelphia, and executed under the direction of John S. Norrid of New York, by John C. Wood, as principal mason and C. H. Dall as carpenter.

Other foundation can no man lay than that which is laid—even Jesus Christ. May the gates of Hell never prevail against it. Amen.

The original Parish Church of St. James, stood about fifty yards west of this spot, near the corner of the grave-yard. It was commenced in the year 1751, but not completed until 1770. In consequence of its location, (partly in the street) its decayed condition, and the incommodiousness of its internal arrangement, it was taken down in 1839, and a portion of its materials used in the erection of this building. The lot upon which the present Church is erected, was purchased from Dr. A. J. DeRosset, Sen'r, for the sum of One Thousand dollars, of which sum the Ladies' Working Society, and the Juvenile Working Society, have agreed to pay six hundred dollars.

The Right Rev. John Stark Ravenscroft, the first Bishop of the Diocese of North Carolina, a native of Prince George Co., Virginia, was born in the year 1772; was ordained deacon the 25th April, 1817, and Priest the 6th, May following, by the Right Rev. Richard C. Moore, (Bishop of the Diocese of Virginia); was unanimously elected Bishop of North Carolina by the Convention of the Church, held in Salisbury in the year 1823, and was duly consecrated to that office by the Reverend Bishop White, in the City of Philadelphia, on the 23nd. April, 1823. Bishop Ravenscroft departed this life in the City of Raleigh, on the 5th. March, 1830 and and his remains were deposited under the Chancel of Christ Church in Raleigh. He bequeathed his Library to the Diocese and the copyright of his works to the Episcopal Bible and Prayer Book Society of this Diocese.

The Right Reverend Silliman Ives was unanimously elected successor of Bishop Ravenscroft by the Convention of the Church, held in Raleigh, in May, 1831, and was consecrated to that office by the Right Rev. Bishop White, in the city of Philadelphia, on the 22nd September, 1831, and delivered his Primary Charge to the Convention of the Church assembled 1832.

Martin VanBuren, President of the United States.
Edward B. Dudley, Governor of North Carolina.
Alexander Anderson, Magistrate of Police of the Town of Wilmington.
Jas. F. McRee, A. J. DeRosset, Jr., W. J. Harris, E. P. Hall, Commissioners of the Town of Wilmington.
John A. Lillington, Town Clerk.
Population of Wilmington, 3,500.

Articles deposited with this: A Bible and Prayer Book. Journal of the Convention of the Diocese of North Carolina for 1838. Bishop Ives' Charge to the Clergy of the Diocese. Journal of General Convention for 1838. A Churchman's Almanac. Sword's Almanac. The *Banner of the Cross*, Philadelphia. The *Churchman*, New York. The Episcopal *Recorder*, Philadelphia. The *Spirit of Missions*. *Journal of Religious Education*. Children's Sunday School Magazine. Wilmington *Advertiser*. Wilmington *Weekly Chronicle*. Charter and Plates of the Bank of Cape Fear. Charter of the Wilmington and Raleigh Railroad. American Coin.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Miss Ray Sneed has returned from Greenville, N. C.

— Mr. T. Morgan Turrentine left last night for New York on a business trip.

— Mrs. J. F. Garrell and Miss Lillian Horne left yesterday for a visit to Chicago.

— Hon. Platt D. Walker and wife are expected from Charlotte to-day to visit friends and relatives.

— Mr. Hargrove Taylor, private secretary to Hon. Jno. D. Bellamy, will leave to-night for Washington.

— Hon. John D. Bellamy, Mrs. Bellamy and their two little girls left for Washington City last evening.

— Mrs. S. P. Collier, Jr., son and maid passed through the city yesterday en route to their home in Tampa, Fla. Mrs. S. P. Collier accompanied them to Tampa on a visit.

— Mr. Benj. S. Franks, lately with Col. F. W. Kerchner, left yesterday afternoon for Raleigh to take a position with Mr. John T. Quarles His many friends here wish him much success in his new home.

MLLE. ZELIE DeLUSSAN'S RECITAL.

Advance Sale of Seats Opened Yesterday.

Programme to Be Rendered Here.

At the Y. M. C. A. auditorium on next Saturday evening will be heard the great metropolitan soprano, Mlle. Zelie de Lussan, and her associate, Angelo Fronani, who has been secured to accompany her on the trans-continental tour in concert. As an accompanist there is said to be not his equal out of grand opera to-day, and few to be found even its ranks.

The programme selected for the Southern cities to be visited on the tour, that reaches from ocean to ocean, is indeed long, beautiful and appropriate, ending with her great scene from "Carmen."

The reserved seat tickets are now on sale at DeRosset's, having opened there yesterday morning, and last night quite a large number of seats were out. Prices to the Y. M. C. A. Star Course patrons will be $1; to non-members $1.50, and all seats must be reserved at the advance sale.

For Asthma use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.
For sale by J. C. Shepard.

A. D. BROWN. THE LATEST IMPORTATIONS OF A. D. BROWN.

Embroideries for 1903.

The Newest, Finest Brought to This Market.

In Cambric, Nansooks and Swiss Edgings.

Insertions and Ribbon Beadings.

The Patterns are exquisite cut out edges and wide margains.

SWISS CAMBRIC, NANSOOK ALLOVERS.

Delicate Baby designs, elaborate opened work effects and scores of new ideas with vines, scrolls, stripes and wheel patterns. jan 7 tf

FOR A READING LIGHT GET A WELSBACH or an ELECTRIC DROP LIGHT.

We have both kinds in all styles—and we sell them at Cost.

Gas and Electric Fixtures.

CALL AND SEE OUR DISPLAY.

CONSOLIDATED RAILWAYS, LIGHT AND POWER CO.

jan 7 3t

FERTILIZER——

Baugh's Pure Animal Bone Goods.

Acid Phosphate,

Kainit, Nitrate Soda,

Muriate Potash, Fish Scrap.

HALL & PEARSALL.

jan 7 tf

The Only Restaurant,

Our Restaurant Has Made a Reputation!

There are thousands of people in this city who when they think of our Restaurant think of a quiet and cozy place where the food is excellent, the service prompt and the prices moderate. It is now an assured success.

Orders for Plants, Floral Designs, Cut Flowers, Bouquets, &c, filled promptly and at reasonable prices.

CHARLES ANDERSON & CO.

Telephone 712. jan 3 tf

Nitrate Soda.

WE OFFER

25,000 Pounds Nitrate Soda

From Schooner Nellie Trooper, $46.00 ton; 3c pound for less than ton.

W. B. COOPER,

Wholesale Grocer,

jan 2 tf Wilmington, N. C.

SECURE A HOUSE!

I HAVE FOR SALE

Dwellings and Vacant Lots in any part of the city desired. Cash or time payment to suit buyer.

D. O'CONNOR,

jan 4 3t Real Estate Agent.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE R. R. CO.

Wilmington, N. C., Dec. 30th, 1902.

The Board of Directors of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company have declared a dividend of two and one-half per cent. on the common capital stock of that company. Dividend due and payable at the office of the Treasurer, at Wilmington, N. C., on and after January 10th, 1903. The transfer books will stand closed from December 31st, 1902, to January 10th, 1903.

JAMES F. POST, Treasurer.

dec 31 till Jan. 10.

NOTICE.

Call us up over Inter-State Telephone ONLY, No. 317.

THE GEO. L. MORTON CO.

jan 7 1w

A Good Investment.

The best business in the best town in the State for sale. Location the best in town. Will rent or sell store. Terms easy. Apply to

C. B. HATCH,

jan 6 3t Mount Olive, N. C.

The Morning Star.

WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JAN. 7.

SORRY THEY ABOLISHED SLAVERY.

The Springfield (Mass.) *Republican* quotes Senator Hoar as saying that "an eminent Republican Senator" had remarked in his presence that he "was sorry we had ever abolished slavery." It is not stated who this "eminent Republican Senator" was, but there is little doubt that if he said that he not only meant it, but he expressed the sentiments of a good many eminent and less eminent Republicans than himself. Our opinion is that if a census of the Republicans of the whole country were taken to-day and they gave an honest expression of opinion on that question, a large majority of those eminent and not eminent would be in accord with this "eminent Republican Senator."

The masses of the Republican party in the North never cared a continental for slavery, and neither did the majority of the leaders of the Republican masses. They knew how the masses felt upon that subject, and therefore when they resolved to resort to war to "save the Union" the first thing they did was to solemnly declare that the war was not for the abolition of slavery, that they had no idea of interfering with it, their sole purpose being to preserve the Union. They knew that if it was believed that the abolition of slavery entered into the programme they never could have raised an army that could have stood on Southern soil thirty days. There would have been no war, for they could not have raised an army, and the severance of the Union would have been an accomplished fact within ninety days after the secession of South Carolina. The abolition of slavery was an afterthought, a political afterthought.

There was, it is true, an abolition element in the party from the beginning, an element that had its rise in the New England States. They were comparatively few in number, but they were active, aggressive and zealous to the extent of fanaticism. Some of them were brainy, eloquent men, whose eloquence inspired a following and filled that following with an enthusiasm akin to their own. They carried on the crusade from forum, press and pulpit and although comparatively few in numbers their assertiveness, aggressiveness and zeal frightened the politicians. They went so far as to declare that the preservation of the Union was subordinate to the abolition of slavery and as far as they were concerned they would call a halt on the war for the Union if the seceded States would consent to abolish slavery.

This element had to be placated and therefore to prevent the agitation on that line, the subordination of the war for the Union to the abolition of slavery, the party leaders yielded to the pressure and persuaded Lincoln, against his own judgment and inclination, to issue the emancipation proclamation as a "military necessity," when there was no military necessity for it, for when the emancipation proclamation was issued the Confederacy had practically succumbed to the superior power and resources of the North, with its three to one of population and the hirelings of the world to draw upon.

With the original agitators for abolition it was sentiment inspired by opposition to an institution about which, as it actually existed, they knew but little, and as little about the people among whom it existed. It was a sentiment blindly levelled against the institution, and caring but little for the slave, whose shackles they insisted must be broken, while they never thought of the future of the emancipated or gave a thought to what was to become of them after emancipation. As freed men and freed women they would still have remained in the South subject to the men who owned them and to laws passed by those men, that is if the abolitionist's idea had been carried out and the Confederacy recognized on condition of the abolition of slavery.

As there was politics in placating the agitators and finally yielding to them on the question of emancipation so there was politics in the subsequent action as to the emancipated slaves, in their enfranchisement and in the 14th and 15th amendments, the idea being to use the negroes of the South to strengthen and perpetuate the Republican party. As they were disappointed in the results of emancipation so were they disappointed in the results of the afterthoughts, for instead of being a tower of strength to the party the negro became a source of weakness and perplexity, for they didn't know what to do with him; he has disappointed them as a political ally in the South, they don't want to fraternize with him and they are not bold enough to openly repudiate and cast him off. They have practically abandoned him while pretending still to be his friend.

Theirs is a political disappointment with unanticipated perplexities and embarrassments, but there are other than political disappointments for people who care more for business and dollars than they do for politics.

Anti-slavery agitators like Phillips, Garrison, Lovejoy, Beecher and others might not have cared for they were swayed by an emotional sentiment that reckoned not on consequences. They would have turned the slave loose if turning him loose meant his certain destruction, but the masses of their followers who made the welkin ring applauding their philippics against slavery and the slave owner, little thought that when they were clamoring for abolition they were really emancipating the white man of the South and starting an industrial revolution that would eventually build the South up, pull them down, and convert the Agricultural South which was content to produce the raw material for them to manufacture and get rich out of into a manufacturing section and a formidable competitor, no longer content to supply the manufacturers of New England and other States with the raw material that gave employment to thousands of people and brought wealth to those States. The boomerang they hurled in their blind, thoughtless phrenzy has rebounded, and they are already beginning to feel the effects of their folly.

They will feel it more and more with the coming years, and some of them will live to see the supremacy of the East as a manufacturing section pass to the South, whose rain they sought. When they look upon motionless wheels and smokeless smoke stacks and deserted buildings they will realize the penalty paid for meddling with other people's business, and there are those who will conclude that it will be just retribution.

There are, as we have remarked, more than the "eminent Republican Senator," spoken of by Senator Hoar, who are or will be "sorry that we abolished slavery."

WHAT'S THE MATTER WITH PLATT?

Stirred up by the distressed condition of his constituents, who are suffering from the lack of coal and oppressed by the high prices they have to pay for what they get, Senator Lodge introduced a bill Tuesday suspending for ninety days the duty on coal, which was followed by another by Senator Culberson providing for the removal of the duty on anthracite coal. This called Senator Platt, of Connecticut, to his feet with an objection and the declaration that it was his "understanding" that there is "no duty on anthracite."

What's the matter with Senator Platt's understanding? Has he been giving it a vacation for the past six months? If there was no duty on anthracite why did the President in his message to Congress urge that anthracite be put actually on the free list, where it now nominally is? If it was on the free list, why did the Treasury officials decide that the anthracite imported from Wales while the strike was on was subject to duty, in pursuance of which decision the duty of 67 cents a ton was collected from the importers? Perhaps Senator Platt's great mind doesn't bother itself with coal and such things, but if he kept reasonably posted on the proceedings of Congress, and read some of the daily papers he might have a different understanding as to where anthracite stands, from a duty point of view, when any of it is imported.

A good many other Senators seem not to have understood that anthracite was on the dutiable list, but understood, as Mr. Platt does, that it was on the free list, until their misunderstanding was enlightened by the decision of the Treasury Department and the consequent collection of the tax. Then they understood it and some of them told how they had been buncoed and remained in the buncoed condition until they learned better. But Senator Platt seems to be still in a buncoed condition, or his understanding is sadly in need of repairs.

The lumbermen seem to have been hoodooing the unsophisticated State of Mississippi and leasing the timbered school lands for little or nothing. The State's revenue agent thinks they ought to be compelled to pay a reasonable price for the timber they have cut and sold, and cites some instances of the sharp practice on the State, among others one where a tract of 1,920 acres was leased for 99 years, the total consideration being $1.65. The land is still there, but the best of the timber has disappeared.

According to Sir Henry Thompson, president of the Cremation Society of England, cremation is slowly but steadily increasing. It is legalized in every European country except Russia and Austria-Hungary. There are in the world 69 crematories, the United States leading with 26, Italy coming next with 22. In 1901 4,461 bodies were cremated, 2,605 of which were in the United States.

For LaGrippe and Influenza use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by J. C. Shepard.

HE BELIEVES IN APPLES.

Mr. Moses H. Cone, of Greensboro, one of the proprietors of the large cotton mill there and of another being built which it is said will be the largest cotton mill in the world, believes in apples and has on his summer home place at Blowing Rock, a young orchard of 33,000 trees. He is fond of apples but has planted not only for use but for profit, and told a reporter of the Charlotte *Observer* that in ten years he expected to sell 100,000 bushels a year at 50 cents a bushel.

Fifty thousand dollars a year will be a pretty good showing for a mountain side orchard, and yet he is moderate in his estimates when he puts apples at 50 cents a bushel, which they certainly should sell for if they are as good apples as a man like Cone would raise. He took premiums on several varieties at the last State Fair, and seems to be as proud of the premiums as a boy with his first pair of red top boots.

There is no State in the Union better adapted to the growing of apples than North Carolina. They thrive in every part of it from the sea shore to the mountains, but the hill county, and especially the mountain section, seem to be especially adapted to fine and attractive kinds, pleasing not only to the taste but to the eye.

And yet notwithstanding the favoring conditions for this industry, and the many thousands of bushels that are annually produced, many of the towns of the State are dependent for the bulk of the apples consumed upon importations from other States for which they pay at the rate of about two dollars a bushel, when as good, if not better, apples colud be supplied from home orchards for one half that if attention were given to that industry, if it were systematically conducted and enough shipped to induce rairoad managers to give cheap transportation and thus enable our home growers to compete with the apple shippers of New York and other States.

There are big possibilities in the apple growing industry of this State, if followed right, and Mr. Cone seems too realize this.

A prize offered by a Port Antonio, Jamaica, paper to the servant who had served continuously for the longest time in any family brought forth some pretty good stickers, 59 in all, 58 of whom served from 5 to 72 years, but the prize winner was an African woman 89 years old, who served continuously in one family for 74 years, and is apparently good for several years yet.

BOOK NOTICES.

The reader will find *The Pilgrim* for January a beautiful number copiously and handsomely illustrated, and filled with interesting reading matter, much of which bears upon the South and its Winter resorts. But there is a fine presentation for the general reader. Address the Pilgrim Publishing Company, Battle Creek, Michigan.

Gunton's Magazine for January presents a number of able and interesting papers on current topics, among them a good one on the "Needs of Forest Preservation" (illustrated) which is now attracting so much attention throughout the country. There are a number of other papers that the thoughtful reader will find interesting. Published by the Gunton Company 41 Union Square, New York.

The January *Cosmopolitan* presents an attractive list of contents which leads off with an interesting sketch of J. Pierpont Morgan, followed by an illustrated sketch of Paris, the city of beautiful women, with pictures of scores of beauties. Another interesting article, illustrated, is Foreign Fire Fighters, showing how they fight fires in European cities. The Captains of Industry is continued, while there are many other articles which the reader will enjoy. Address The Cosmopolitan, Irvington New York.

The January number of *The Review of Reviews* is an exceptionally attractive number, presenting a splendid list of contents, excellently illustrated. In addition to the many valuable articles on topics now engaging public attention, there is a miscellaneous presentation varied and interesting, and also "The Progress of the World" and "The Record of Current Events," which contain in condensed form stores of valuable information. Address The Review of Reviews, 13 Astor Place, New York.

WILMINGTON DISTRICT.

R. B. JOHN, P. E., Wilmington, N. C.

Southport, Jan. 11, 12.
Shallotte, Concord, Jan. 13.
Town Creek, —— Jan. 14.
Waccamaw, Shiloh, Jan. 17, 18.
Whiteville, Whiteville, Jan. 18, 19.
Magnolia, Providence, Jan. 24, 25.
Clinton, Clinton, Jan. 30.
Kenansville, Friendship, Jan. 31, Feb 1.
Bladen, Bethlehem, Feb. 7, 8.
Elizabeth, Elizabethtown, Feb. 9.
Carver's Creek, Council Station Feb. 10.
Onslow, Queen's Creek, Feb. 14, 15.
Jacksonville and Richlands, Half Moon, Feb. 21, 22.

District Stewards will please meet in the Ladies' Parlor, Grace church, Wilmington, Tuesday Dec. 30th, at 1 o'clock.

Missionary Institute will be held at Grace church Feb. 4th and 5th, 1903.

District conference will meet at Jacksonville Tuesday Mar. 17th at 5 o'clock P. M. and continue through the 18th and 19th, 1903.

— First Ostrich—No, I'm not well; my stomach is troubling me. Second Ostrich—Perhaps you've been eating something digestible.—*Judge.*

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Salisbury *Sun*: A special car carrying about 50 negroes from Charlotte and vicinity passed through Salisbury Saturday night for the coal fields of West Virginia. Two other cars, containing from 75 to 100 negroes from stations below Charlotte, in South Carolina, also passed through for the same destination.

— Salisbury *Truth Index*: Lum Cowan, a negro, is in jail and will have to face a charge of murder. On Christmas day Cowan shot a negro named Lon Oakley. The latter was brought to the sanitorium here for treatment, and died Thursday. It is stated that there was little or no provocation for the shooting.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: Sunday night about 6 o'clock, Walter Brower was shot and almost instantly killed by his brother. Bud Brower, a few miles west of Troy. Walter married a few days ago contrary to the wish of his brother and they had not been on friendly terms since. Bud says that they met last night, and after having some words Walter came at him with his knife when he shot him. There was only one eye witness and he has not been seen. Bud surrendered to the authorities and was placed in jail.

— Waynesville *Courier*: Dr. J. H. Way showed this writer yesterday the inch and five-eighths piece of blade of a pocket-knife which was literally buried in the brain of Rufe Jones, of Balsam, and which he extracted last Monday. Mention was made in the last issue of the *Courier* about the drunken row between Jones and Duncan about Christmas, in which Duncan cut Jones across the head and face. The knife actually penetrated the skull and entered the brain to the depth of one and five-eighth inches, and having broken off remained in the brain till the following Monday, when Dr. Way took it out, as he did also a piece of the skull. Friday Dr. Way was to see Jones, finding him able to sit up and on the road to recovery.

— Raleigh *Post*: Saturday night thieves broke into, or attempted to break into, five safes in Greensboro, and two other places were entered, one of which was pillaged. All of the robberies were made before midnight. —— A serious shooting affair occurred in Fremont on Saturday night. Some time ago Police Officer Johnson of that town had some trouble with a man named W. S. Davis, who lives in the country, and who had made some threats against Johnson. Davis came to town on Saturday afternoon. On Saturday night Policeman Johnson walked into a bar-room where Davis was. As soon as Johnson caught sight of Davis he pulled out his pistol and began firing. One shot took effect in the leg of Davis, who jumped up and grabbed hold of the weapon. Johnson was still trying to shoot and Davis, to protect himself, turned the barrel of the pistol on Johnson, who continued to pull the trigger and shot himself in the head. It is learned later Johnson was shot in the back of the neck, which would show that he could not have shot himself. There is a mystery about the whole affair which seems hard to solve. —— Newton Crowder, who lives near Kinsey, Cherokee county, accidentally killed himself on his porch Sunday. He was doing something with his gun and in some way had the muzzle pointed at his chin. It went off, the shot penetrated his throat, ranged into his head and he was instantly killed. His wife was standing by him at the time and witnessed the occurrence.

CURRENT COMMENT

—— Reports show that the market is glutted with meat, yet the robbery of the public continues the same as in the matter of fuel. The wholesalers blame the retailers, the retailers blame the wholesalers, and the Republican party refuses to change the tariff which prevents the importation of foreign meat or coal except at prices that give the dealers in the domestic a decided advantage.—*Brooklyn Citizen, Dem.*

—— Would it not have proven cheaper had The Hague Commission been given charge of the Venezuelan difficulty before the fleets had acted? Then the expenses of the long voyage and the risks incident to a stay on a dangerous coast would have been saved to Germany and England, while Venezuela might have kept her fleet and the United States been spared some cable bills. But, then, Emperor William could not have made "a demonstration." Castro could not have posed as a hero, and Roosevelt could not have refused to arbitrate. *Jacksonville Times-Union, Dem*

—— The plan just promulgated by the United States Steel Corporation for getting its employes interested in the business seems in some aspects a good one. It has been called a profit-sharing scheme, but this seems to be a misnomer. The only way in which the employes will be able to share the profits is to buy the stock of the company, and upon the stock they buy they will of course, receive such dividends as may be declared. That kind of profit-sharing is open to all who can buy the stock. But still the offer to the employes of the steel corporation seems to be a liberal one and a wise one. The plan is to enable each workman employed by the main company or any of the subsidiary companies to purchase preferred stock and pay for it by successive payments.—*Baltimore Sun, Dem.*

A Marvelous Invention.

Wonders never cease. A machine has been invented that will cut, paste and hang wall paper. The field of inventions and discoveries seem to be unlimited. Notable among great discoveries is Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It has done a world of good for weak lungs and has saved many a life. Thousand have used it and conquered Grip, Bronchitis, Pneumonia and Consumption. Their general verdict is: "It's the best and most reliable medicine for Throat and Lung troubles." Every 50c and $1.00 bottle is guaranteed by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. Trial bottles free. †

For over Sixty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY FOR THE BLOOD, LIVER, LUNGS.

Mirth is an almost infallible sign of good health. A sick woman may force a smile or at times be moved to laughter. But when a woman is bubbling over with mirth and merriment she is surely a well woman.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has made thousands of melancholy and miserable women cheerful and happy, by curing the painful womanly diseases which undermine a woman's health and strength. It establishes regularity and so does away with monthly misery. It dries debilitating drains and so cures the cause of much womanly weakness. It heals inflammation and ulceration, and cures the bearing-down pains, which are such a source of suffering to sick women.

"I take great pleasure in recommending Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for female weakness," writes Mrs. Susannah Permenter, of Pauls Store, Shelby Co., Texas. "I was troubled with bearing-down pains in my back and hips for six years, and I wrote to Doctor Pierce for advice. I tried his 'Favorite Prescription' and six bottles cured me. I feel like a new person and I thank Dr. Pierce for my health. Life is a burden to any one without health. I have told a great many of my friends about the great medicine I took."

Accept no substitute for "Favorite Prescription." There is nothing "just as good."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the paper covered book, or 31 stamps for the cloth bound. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

TWINKLINGS

—A woman on the death of her husband telegraphed to a distant friend: "Dear Joseph is dead. Loss fully covered by insurance."—*Tit-Bits.*

—Tom—I can read your thoughts. Clara—I can hardly believe it, for if you could you wouldn't sit so far away.—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— Politician—I'll do what I can to get work for you. Citizen—I don't want work; what I'm after is a city job.—*Boston Transcript.*

— Pat—You say if I use one of these patent dampers I save half me coal? Agent—Exactly, sir; exactly. Pat—Be gobs, I'll take two.—*Harvard Lampoon.*

— "How did you fall?" inquired the sympathetic bystander. "Down!" snapped the sufferer. "You didn't expect to see me soaring up toward the sky, did you?"—*Washington Times.*

— Kentucky Teacher (of infant geography class)—Tommy Blood may tell us what a strait is. Tommy Blood —It's jis' th' plain stuff 'thout nothin' in it.—*Ohio State Journal.*

— "Why do you call them 'French duel pills?'" asked the customer in the drug store. "Because they cool hot blood and are harmless," replied the bright clerk.—*Chicago Daily News.*

— First Youth—That was a great tragedy wasn't it? Did you take your parents to see it? Second Youth—Oh, no! They are too old for that sort of thing. They went to a farce comedy.—*Life.*

— Ida—"Yes, dear, this is one of those 'perfume' concerts like they have in New York." May—"Perfume! Why, I smell gasoline." Ida—"Well, you see, they are playing the 'Automobile March' now."—*Chicago Daily News.*

— Mrs. Youngbride.—"I bought a box of cigars for my husband for $1 this Christmas." Mrs. Wise—"He'll consider that rather stingy, won't he?" Mrs Youngbride—"Oh I fixed all that. I cut an old price mark on it, marked $9.98.—*Phil. Press.*

CHEMISTRY OF GOODIES.

Some Interesting Facts For Devotees of the Bakeshop.

In flour confections or cakes—not sugar confections or sweets proper—the principal substances used are flour, milk, eggs and sugar. For confectionery the weaker and softer flours, containing much starch and little gluten, are preferable, says a writer in The Scientific American. Milk is used as a moistener instead of water because of its richness, average pure new milk containing 4 per cent of fat, 3.6 per cent of proteids, 4.5 per cent of sugar, .7 per cent of ash, 8.8 per cent of nonfatty solids and 78.4 per cent of water. It is not only the fat in the milk that is of service to the confectioner, but also its proteids, which, though like the white of eggs, have no very pronounced taste, yet confer a fullness of flavor which a simple solution of lactose in water would not possess. In baked goods the proteids of milk produce a moistness and mellowness of character, and new milk therefore gives to confectionery richness through its fat, sweetness through its sugar and mellowness through its proteid.

Next to milk, eggs are one of the most important moistening agents to the confectioner. In composition the white of eggs consists of proteids dissolved in water, while the yolk contains, in addition to the proteid, fat and coloring matter. The white of eggs may be viewed as a solution of one part albumen in seven parts of water, while in the whole egg about two-fifths of the solids consist of fat and three-fifths of proteid, while the water of the whole egg amounts, roughly, to three-quarters of its weight. Another moistening agent used by confectioners is glycerin.

Many aerating agents are used by confectioners, the chief of them being ammonium carbonate, usually called "ammonia," or volatile sodium bicarbonate, tartaric acid and cream of tartar. The chemical action of these on the confectioner's paste is to change the sugar present by fermentation into alcohol and carbon dioxide gas, which has the mechanical effect of distending and lightening the dough.

A Nitroglycerin Engine.

An Ohio man has invented a nitroglycerin engine. The engine is similar to a gas engine, but explodes nitroglycerin in place of a gasoline and air mixture, and is asserted by the inventor to be absolutely safe. In order to avoid the danger of storing a large quantity of the explosive the machine manufactures its own fuel as it is wanted. A sufficient quantity to do any damage is never kept on hand.

Domestic Troubles.

It is exceptional to find a family where there are no domestic ruptures occasionally, but these can be lessened by having Dr. King's New Life Pills around. Much trouble they save by their great work in Stomach and Liver troubles. They not only relieve you, but cure. Only 25c, at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET

[Quoted officially at the closing by the Chamber of Commerce.]

STAR OFFICE, January 6.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 53½c per gallon.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1.35 per barrel for strained and $1.40 per barrel for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.60 per barrel of 280 pounds.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market firm at $1.75 per barrel for hard, $3.00 for dip.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine nothing doing; rosin steady at $1.00@1.05; tar steady at $1.20; crude turpentine quiet at $1.00@2.00.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	11
Rosin	120
Tar	177
Crude turpentine	59

Receipts same day last year—30 casks spirits turpentine, 136 barrels rosin, 103 barrels tar, 90 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 8¾c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5⅞	cts. ℔ lb
Good ordinary	7¼	" "
Low middling	7⅞	" "
Middling	8¾	" "
Good middling	9⅛	" "

Same day last year, market firm at 7⅝c for middling.

Receipts—544 bales; same day last year, 657.

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina, firm. Prime, 60c; extra prime, 65c; fancy, 70c, per bushel of twenty-eight pounds. Virginia—Prime, 60c; extra prime, 65c; fancy, 70c. Spanish (new), 65@70c.

CORN—Firm, 65@67½c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 15@16c per pound; shoulders, 10@12½c; sides, 10@11c.

EGGS—Firm at 21@22c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Firm. Grown, 30@35c; springs, 12½@25c.

TURKEYS—Firm at 10@11c for live.

BEESWAX—Firm at 25c.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6½c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Dull at 60c per bushel.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—Money on call steady at 4@6 per cent., last loan closing offered at 5 per cent; time money easier—60 days and 90 days, 5½ per cent.; six months 5@5½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 5¾@6 per cent. Sterling exchange easy, with the actual business in bankers' bills at 486.50@486.55 for demand and 483.40@483.45 for sixty days. Posted rates 484½ and 487½. Commercial bills 483@483¼. Bar silver 48⅝. Mexican dollars 38⅛. Government bonds steady. State bonds—no report. Railroad bonds firm. U. S. refunding 2's, coupon, 108⅜; U. S. funding 2's, registered, 108⅜; U. S. 3's, registered, 106⅝; do. coupon, 108. U. S. 4's, new registered, 135½; do. coupon, 135¾; U. S. 4's, old, registered, 109⅛, do. coupon, 109⅛; U. S. 5's, registered, 103⅝; do. coupon 103¾; Southern Railway, 5's, 117. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 102⅛. Chesapeake & Ohio 50¼; Manhattan L 150; New York Central 150¼; Reading 68¼; do. 1st preferred 88⅜; do. 2nd preferred 79⅛; St. Paul 182⅜; do. pref'd, 193; Southern Railway 36; do. pref'd 94¼; Amalgamated Copper 65¼; People's Gas 104⅝; Sugar 129⅜; Tennessee Coal and Iron 64⅝; U. S. Leather 12⅝; do pref'd. 89⅝; Western Union 89⅛; U. S. Steel 36⅛; do. pref'd 89⅛; Virginia-Carolina Chemical 64; do. preferred, 121. Standard Oil, 746@750.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 6.—Seaboard Air Line, common, 27⅜; do. preferred, bonds, 44⅛; fours, 83⅝.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—Rosin steady. Strained common to good $1 85@1 90. Spirits turpentine steady.

CHARLESTON, Jan. 6.—Spirits turpentine and rosin unchanged.

SAVANNAH, Jan 6.—Spirits turpentine was firm at 54c; receipts 428 casks; sales 339 casks; exports — casks. Rosin firm; receipts 4,119 barrels; sales 2,464 barrels; exports — barrels Quote: A, B, C, D, $1 50. E, $1 55; F, $1 60; G, $1 70; H, $3 00; I, $3 40; K $3 90; M, $3 35; N, $3 55; W G, $3 80; W W, $4 20.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—The cotton market opened easy at a decline of one to six points and ruled irregular. After the opening call there was further decline of one to six points on the more active positions. The weakness was largely due to active selling of long accounts following the recent open letter by the leader of the bull party to the effect that cotton had brought to a standstill, and indicating that a reaction was in order; at the same time advising his following to sell. A decline of one to four points followed. But it appeared that strong parties were buying offers and to-day it became apparent that the same party was himself buying cotton at a rapid rate. Sentiment on 'change soon became very bullish, partly on this account and partly because the movement of cotton continued to be a disappointing one. The semi-weekly movement instead of being a bearish statement, proved to be a bullish one, showing a loss in stock instead of the predicted increase in stock, while the port receipts were 48,055 against 63,790 bales, and for the week 140,617 against 168,430 last year. This showing was quite the reverse of what had been predicted and by many expected. At the same time the spot cotton markets of the country with but one exception maintained former prices, the exception being Galveston, which declined 1-16. The local market for spot cotton was quiet, with a scarcity of desirable grades a feature. The market for futures was finally firm at a net decline of two points to a net advance of four points. Total sales futures estimated at 400,000 bales.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—Cotton quiet at 8 90c; net receipts 253 bales; gross receipts 17,655 bales; stock 172,277 bales.

Spot closed quiet; middling uplands 8.90c; middling gulf 9 15c; sales 800 bales.

Cotton futures market closed firm: January 8 56, February 8.61, March 8.67, April 8.66, May 8.67, June 8.67, July 8.67, August 8 55, September 8.23.

Total to-day, at all seaports—Net receipts 47,919 bales; exports to Great Britain 23,708 bales; exports to France 11,800 bales; exports to the Continent 14,155 bales; stock 1,066,081 bales.

Consolidated, at all seaports—Net receipts 142,403 bales; exports to Great Britain 45,140 bales; exports to France 16,681 bales; exports to the Continent 49,596 bales.

Total since September 1st, at all seaports—Net receipts 5,093,114 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,510,156 bales; exports to France 487,504 bales; exports to the Continent 1,579,946 bales.

Jan. 6.—Galveston, quiet at 8⅜c, net receipts 15,834 bales; Norfolk, easy at 8½c, net receipts 4,703 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 8¾c, net receipts 800 bales; Boston, firm at 8.90, net receipts 812 bales; Wilmington, firm at 8¾, net receipts 544 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 9.15c, net receipts 39 bales; Savannah, easy at 8½c, net receipts 7,484 bales; New Orleans, quiet at 8 1-16c, net receipts 13,388 bales; Mobile, steady at 8 7-16c, net receipts 734 bales; Memphis, steady at 8½c, net receipts 1,520 bales; Augusta, firm at 8 1-16c, net receipts 463 bales; Charleston, firm at 8⅜c, net receipts 740 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—Flour was dull and about steady. Rye flour was steady. Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red 79⅛c. Options, starting dull but steady, gradully hardened during the day. Early short sales had to be replaced at an advance, cables were firm, interior receipts small and export trade fair. Closed steady at ⅜c net advance: May closed 79⅛c; July closed 77⅛c. Corn—Spot firmer; No 2 58c. Options market was generally firm all day and moderately active. The influences were higher cables, unsettled weather, a scare of January shorts and continued poor grading. Last prices showed 2c net advance on January and ⅜c elsewhere; January closed 56⅛c; February closed 53c; March closed 52⅛c; May closed 48⅛c; July closed 47⅛c. Oats—Spot steady; No. 2, 38⅛c. Options quiet but firmer with corn: May closed 39c. Lard steay; Western steam $10 30; refined steady; compound 7⅛@7⅝c. Rice firm. Butter was steady; extra creamery 29c; State dairy 20@26½. Cheese firm; new State full cream, small colored, fancy fall made 14c; small white, fall made, 14c. Coffee—Spot quiet. Peanuts were steady; fancy hand picked 4½@4¾c; other domestic 3@4½. Cabbages steady; domestic, per 100, white to red $3 00@4 50; Norfolk 75c@$1 00. Molasses quiet. Tallow steady. Freights to Liverpool—cotton by steam 12. Eggs firm; State and Pennsylvania average best 29c. Potatoes steady; Long Island $2 00@2 25; South Jersey sweets $2 50@3 75; Jerseys $1 00@2 00; New York and Western per 180 lbs, $1 50@2 00. Sugar unsettled. Cotton seed oil was fairly active and firmer. Quoted: Prime crude here nominal; prime crude f. o. b. mills 31@32c; prime summer yellow 38½@39½c; off summer yellow 38@38½c; prime white 44; prime winter yellow 43@44c; prime meal $27 00@27 50, nominal.

CHICAGO, Jan. 6.—Trading on the board of trade to-day was almost featureless and wheat, after an easy tone the greater part of the day, closed firm with May ⅛c. higher. May corn was up ¼@⅜c. and oats a shade higher. May provisions closed from 7½c to 12½c. higher.

CHICAGO, Jan. 6.—Cash prices: Flour dull and easier. Wheat—No. 2 spring 75½c; No. 3 spring 68@73c; No. 2 red 71@71½c. Corn—No. 2 46¼c; No. 2 yellow 46c. Oats—No. 2 32½; No. 3 white —c; No. 3 white 32¼@32¾c. Mess pork, per barrel, $17 50. Lard, per 100 lbs, quoted $9 82½. Short rib sides, loose, closed $8 45@9 60. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $8 25@8 50. Short clear sides, boxed, $9 00@9 12½. Whiskey—Basis of high wines, $1 31.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 January 71⅜, 71⅝, 71⅛@71¼, 71⅛c; May 75⅛@75⅝, 75⅛@75⅛, 75@75⅛. 75⅛@75¼c; July 72⅜, 72⅝, 72⅛. 72⅝@72⅜c. Corn—No. 2 January 45⅝@45⅞, 47, 45⅝, 47; May 43⅛@43⅜, 43¾, 43⅛, 43⅝@43⅜; July 42⅝@42⅝, 42⅞. 42⅝@42⅝, 42⅞. Oats—No 2 January 32¼c; March 31⅝, 34⅛, 33⅝, 34⅛c; July 31⅞, 31⅝@32, 31⅛, 31⅛c. Mess pork, per bbl—January $17 20, 17 20, 17 20, 17 20; March $16 12½, 16 12½, 15 97½, 16 02½. Lard, per 100 lbs—January $9 85, 9 85, 9 80, 9 82½; May $9 40, 9 45, 9 375, 9 42½; July 9 $25, 9 25, 9 20, 9 25. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—January $8 40, 8 47½, 8 40, 8 47½; May $8 62½, 8 67½, 8 62½, 8 67½.

FOREIGN MARKET

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, January 6.—Cotton: Spot in fair demand, prices four points lower; American middling fair 5.28d; good middling 4.84d; middling 4.66d; low middling 4.54d; good ordinary 4.42d; ordinary 4.30d. The sales of the day were 10,000 bales, of which 500 bales were for speculation and export and included 9,400 bales American. Receipts 35,000 bales, including 26,600 bales American.

Futures opened easier and closed barely steady; American middling (g o c) January 4.60@4.61d; January and February 4.60@4.61d; February and March 4.60@4.61d; March and April 4.60@4.61d; April and May 4.61d; May and June 4.62d; June and July 4.62d; July and August 4.63d; August and September 4.55@4.56d; September and October 4.44d; October and November 4.34.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

Clyde steamship Geo W Clyde, Chichester, Providence and New York, H G Smallbones.

CLEARED.

Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

Stmr City of Fayetteville, Fromberger, Fayetteville, T D Love.

Schooner Venus, Foxwell, Baltimore, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Clyde steamship Geo W Clyde, Chichester, Georgetown, S C, H G Smallbones.

EXPORTS.

COASTWISE.

BALTIMORE—Schooner Venus, 200,000 feet lumber; cargo by Angola Lumber Co; vessel by George Harriss, Son & Co.

MARINE DIRECTORY

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., January 7.

STEAMSHIPS.

City of Gloucester, (Br) 1,573 tons, Milburn, Alexander Sprunt & Son.
Vera, (Br) 1,854 tons, Bennett, Alexander Sprunt & Son.
Zeeburg, (Dutch) 1,958 tons, Stasse, Heide & Co.

SCHOONERS.

Foster Rice, (Br) 179 tons, Brinton, George Harriss, Son & Co.
Chas C Lister, 267 tons, Moore, George Harriss, Son & Co.
Lady Shea, (Br) 151 tons, Munro, George Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Nellie Troop, (Br) 1,317 tons, Nobles, Heide & Co.
Argo, (Nor) 637 tons, Addison, Heide & Co.

Lands Posted.

The privilege of hunting on my lands near Wilmington having been leased, all persons are hereby warned against shooting, hunting, ranging or otherwise trespassing on said lands

nov 2 tf — G. W. NOBLE.

CASH PAID FOR Beeswax

If you have some to sell ship it to us and will allow you

27 1-2c Per Lb.,

F. O. B. Wilmington.

Williamsville Mfg Co.,

Williamsville, Mass.

sep 21 3m — su we fr

J. W. Murchison & Co.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

HARDWARE,

No. 109 and 111 North Front St., Wilmington, N. C.

Hardware of every description at the very closest prices. We buy in car load lots and can sell cheaper than those who buy in smaller quantities.

Complete line of Agricultural Implements and Mechanics' Tools. We can sell you from a Tack Hammer to a Steam Engine, and from a Plow Point to the latest improved Farming Machinery.

Fine stock of Cutlery, Guns, Pistols and Sporting Goods. Loaded Shells with black or Smokeless Powder, Hunting Suits, Game Bags, etc.

Cook ng Stoves and Steel Ranges from the large to the smallest in size, as well as plain Tinware, Agate Ware and Wooden ware, Buckets or the well and domestic purposes, Plows, Harrows, Sweeps, Hoes, shovels and spades at prices to suit the farmer. Knives and Forks, Cutlery, etc. Cart Axles, Boxes Collars and Hames, Trace Chains, Back-bands and everything used on a well regulated farm.

jan 3 tf

Douglas Shoes

A large lot to arrive on next steamer, besides large shipments to follow soon after.

We did well last year and we expect to make 1903 our "Banner Year."

The "Cash on Approval Business" is doing the good work, because people find they can save much money on their FOOT WEAR at our store. New Customers tell us so almost daily. A full assortment of other good lines of Shoes always on hand. Don't forget this.

Mercer & Evans Co.,

6¾ steps. — jan 4 tf

"There is a Best In Everything! In Paint It's Davis'."

Guaranteed 100 Per Cent. Pure.

This is putting it mighty strong, but it is nevertheless true.

Be Wise in Your Economy.

Don't be deceived by the argument that it costs less to paint your building with inferior or adulterated paint, because the paint costs less per gallon.

Sold and guaranteed by

The Coal, Cement and Supply Co.,

Sole Distributors,

dec 19 tf — Wilmington, N. C.

OLD NEWSPAPERS.

You Can Buy Old Newspapers in Quantities to Suit at the **STAR OFFICE**

Suitable for Wrapping Paper and Excellent for Placing Under Carpet

Family Groceries.

FINE DRESSED Turkeys, Chickens and Eggs.

All kinds of choice Family Groceries.

Cheapest Grocery in the city.

C. O. ALEXANDER,

No. 15 North Second St.

jan 3 tf

PUZZLE PICTURE.

THE WEELITTLES IN WASHINGTON.

FIND THEIR GUIDE.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. NEW YORK.

At 6 months old 35 DOSES – 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE NORTH CAROLINA HOT SPRINGS

THE MOUNTAIN PARK HOTEL,

Hot Springs N. C.

Hot Mineral Drinking Water and Baths, with temperature ranging from ninety-six to one hundred and ten degrees. Strongly Alkaline and Nature's Specific for Rheumatism, Gout, Sciatica, and all kindred troubles. There are no cases which they will not greatly relieve, and few which they will not positively cure, if faithfully used. These Springs are in the grounds of the

MOUNTAIN PARK HOTEL,

A Hostelry with accommodations for Three Hundred Guests, and New, Modern, Elegant. Situated in a park of one hundred acres, on the bank of the French Broad River, thirty-five miles west of Asheville, on the main line of the Southern Railway, surrounded by some of the grandest mountains east of the Rocky Mountains. No Humidity. No Fogs. A delightful Home for the Pleasure-Seeker, an Eden for the Rheumatic. No healthier, no more delightful place in the world.

Write us for Illustrated Booklet, with Analysis and Testimonials.

HOWELL COBB, Proprietor.

mar 9 tf

Fire Insurance.

Plate Glass, Marine, Life, Accident and Employer's Liability. Agent for Royal Exchange Assurance of London.

ASSETS $25,211,566.00. 182 Years Old.

And five other reliable companies represented.
Lowest rates charged on Plate Glass Insurance.
No policy fee charged after December 20th, 1902.

JAMES OWEN REILLY,

Notary Public and Insurance Agent,
110 Princess Street, Wilmington, N. C.

nov 23 tf

ATLANTIC TRUST AND BANKING CO.,

16 Princess Street, Wilmington, N. C.

Solicits your account. Pays 4 per cent. interest on deposits, compounded quarterly. Deposits made on or before January 2nd will draw interest from January 1st.

MATT J. HEYER, President. E. H. J. AHRENS, Vice President
MITCHELL P. ALLEN, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

L. B. Rogers, J. G. L. Gieschen, B. H. J. Ahrens, B. Solomon, Martin O'Brien, R. R. Bellamy, John H. Kuck, I. M. Bear, C. W. Yates, D. McEachern, Matt J. Heyer. dec 25 tf

MOTT'S

PENNYROYAL PILLS They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "LIFE SAVERS" to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. $1.00 PER BOX BY MAIL. Sold by druggists. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

J. C SHEPARD, Jr., Wilmington.

A COLONIAL RESIDENCE.

Pleasing Exterior and Well Arranged Interior Features of This House.

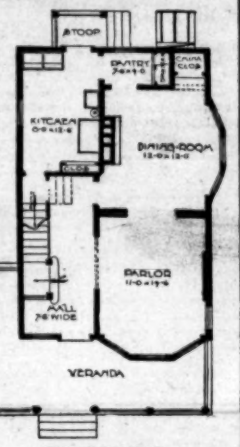
[Copyright, 1903, by George Hitchings, 41 Park row, Times building, New York.]

Neatness in design and convenience in plan arrangement, two important items, have been successfully carried out in this design. The exterior is very pleasing to the eye. It is ornamented by a large piazza across the front, and the roof is broken by a gable on one side, the gable being shingled and ornamented with mullion windows. The bay windows on the front and side are also very attractive features.

FRONT ELEVATION.

The foundation is of hard brick laid in cement mortar and pointed on the outside below grade with pure portland cement to make a perfectly dry cellar.

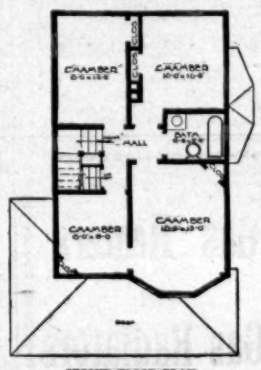
The building is framed in a substantial manner with a mortise and tenon frame with spruce timbers, all well seasoned. The filling in studs are of good, sound hemlock. These studs doubled around all openings are covered with hemlock sheathing boards one inch thick, placed diagonally and covered with XX red sheathing paper to make a perfectly airtight job. Then a white pine bevel siding is put on the boards, being six inches wide and showing four and a half inches to the weather, making a lap over of one and a half inches.



FIRST FLOOR PLAN.

The first floor contains a large reception hall 7 feet 6 inches wide, with an ornamental platform staircase. This hall is connected with the parlor by a grill opening seven feet wide, draped with portieres. The parlor has a large bay window and a handsome cabinet mantel and is connected with the dining room by sliding doors.

The dining room is large and has a bay window at the side, making it a very pleasant sitting room as well. It is provided with a cabinet mantel and a china closet built in a recess and is connected with the kitchen by a butler's pantry equipped with a dresser having two drawers below the counter shelf and two glass doors above, with shelves.



SECOND FLOOR PLAN.

The kitchen has all the modern improvements, such as galvanized iron sink, range, soapstone tubs, etc.

The house has outside and inside cellar stairs. The cellar floor is concreted and is partitioned off in coal bins and storerooms.

The attic contains a servant's bedroom and a large open room for storage. The second story has four large bedrooms and a bathroom, with an iron enamel bathtub and nickel plated trimmings. The wash basin is a china bowl with marble back and slab and nickel plated fixtures and legs. The floor is tiled, and the side walls are blocked off to imitate tiling five feet high.

Cost to build complete, including furnace, $2,000.

Early Tomatoes.

The early tomatoes are particularly good broiled, as they are not apt to be as ripe and luscious as later. Cut in thick slices, drain and dry on a towel, dip first into slightly beaten egg, to which a tablespoonful of water has been added, then into fine breadcrumbs, and broil quickly over a hot fire. Serve on squares of toast garnished with watercress and send round a cream sauce with the dish.

Notes From the Jewelers' Circular.

Gold shirt waist sets include cuff links, buttons and collar studs.

Watch fobs will be fashionable for both men and women this season.

Paddock sticks covered with pigskin and silver mounted are the latest thing in walking sticks for men.

Pink pearl and diamond corsage ornaments are dreams of loveliness.

A chain bracelet with a chrysoprase heart center is a pretty affair suggestive of summer engagements.

White enamel and baroque pearls figure in the dainty brooches for the hot days.

The narrow ribbon bow of diamonds is a favorite design in the jewelry of the present.

For Croup use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT

For sale by J. C. Shepard

A Pleasant Summer Nook.

Where the trees about one's house are small or where there are none this arrangement will be found pleasant in summer. The floor and framework of this shady resting place are made of wood, while the covering is either white duck or striped awning cloth, sold at all dry goods stores, the only fault to be found with the latter being its liability to fade. The board floor

A SHADY RESTING PLACE.

is very desirable since it permits the use of this place when grass ground would be moist.

This place can also be made to shelter a hammock, stretching this from one corner to an opposite corner. The roof frame should of course be braced in the same direction as that occupied by the hammock, running a 2 by 3 inch strip of lumber from the top of one corner post to the top of the one opposite, also placing a similar piece between the tops of the other two opposite corners. The cloth gables should be fitted to the frame and tacked in position, after which the roof, side and end flaps, all in one piece, can be stretched into position and held in place either by tacking or by cords passing through eyelet holes and tied about the frame.—Country Gentleman.

THE MORTGAGE HAD HIM.

While we do not know the man's name and did not see the chattel mortgage, we have not the least doubt but there was one with this place in its grip. All the farm tools were left out in the fields—mower, reaper, plow, rake, hay loader. Three stacks of grain were still unthrashed in February. We learned that a few years ago the owner had been left the farm by his father clear of incumbrance. This young man had a liking for low life in the town—beer guzzling, pool and poker and the like—and in five years he landed at the bottom minus reputation, credit, money, the respect of his neighbors and all that makes life worth living. He was staying the year of redemption out on the place, and then the end must come. Pity goes out to the little wife and children whom a hard fate compels to share all this misery.

CEREAL FOODS.

This is for the ladies, the good cooks and mothers who take pride in preparing palatable and nutritious foods for their families. The cereal breakfast foods—oatmeal, wheat, corn and rice—as prepared in a hundred and one different forms for table use are starch foods largely. As generally prepared for the table these foods are seldom cooked long enough, no matter what the printed directions may say on the wrapper about being prepared in five or ten minutes. This imperfect cooking makes such foods more or less indigestible. If any cook will cook these foods in a double boiler for five or six hours the day before they are to be used and warm them up for breakfast, they will be surprised how greatly they will be improved in flavor and digestibility. Just give this a trial and see.

It Wouldn't Work.

"I found," said the man who frequents the races, "that I seemed to win every second day, so I made up my mind to take a fresh start and bet only every second day."

"And how did you come out?"

"Well, I think I must have started the scheme on the wrong day."—Chicago Post.

Tried to Conceal It.

It's the old story of "murder will out," only in this case there's no crime. A woman feels run down, has backache or dyspepsia and think's it's nothing and tries to hide it until she finally breaks down. Don't deceive yourself. Take Electric Bitters at once. It has a reputation for curing Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles, and will revivify your whole system. The worst forms of those maladies will quickly yield to the curative powers of Electric Bitters. Only 50 cents, and guaranteed by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist.

Piles! Piles! Piles!

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared to cure Piles and DOES IT in short order. Easy to apply, every box guaranteed, 50c. and $1.00. All druggists or by mail. WILLIAMS M'F'G Co., Cleveland, Ohio. Sold by J. C. Sheppard, Jr.

SEED!

Rye, Wheat, Oats.

FISH,

Barrelled and Canned.

Mullets, Sardines,

SALMON, MACKEREL, HERRING,

Bagging and Ties.

All Heavy Groceries.

THE WORTH CO.,

oc 1 tf Wilmington, N. C.

The Tonic Par Excellence.

QUINA LAROCHE

(A Wine Cordial.)

The best specific remedy for

Malarial and Typhoid Fevers, Colds, Influenza, &c.

E. FOUGERA & Co., (Est. 1849) N. William St., N.Y.

jan 1 tf we

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

ap 1 1y We 26

GEO. O. GAYLORD'S

BIG STORE

On North Front Street

IS CATERING TO YOUR WANTS WITH THE NICEST LINE OF

DRESS GOODS

In the City.

In shrunk and spun Serges 38 inches wide we have all colors—Black, Navy, Garnett and Green—that are regular 60c value. We sell them at 50c.

In colored Tricots we have a big line of new shades—Pink, Green, light Blue, etc—strictly all wool, at 25c per yard.

Imported Beautiful Shirt Waistings in silk and wool finish running at 48c, all colors.

Standard 52-inch heavy Serge we are selling at 69c yard.

Heavy reversible, all wool 54-inch goods—need no lining, for 50c per yard. Heavy Melton cloth for Ladies' skirts—27 inches wide for 20, 25 and 35c yard.

A big line of beautiful Spring shades in A. F. C. Gingham, at 10c per yard—best quality.

10c Madras in short lengths selling for 7c yard. A. C. A. Gingham at 6c per yard. Splendid Apron checks for 5c yard. Pee Dee Plaid—best quality for 5c yard. 1200 yards extra heavy and wide plaids at 5c yard. A plenty of Rockingham Homespun at 5c yard. The best quality of Sea Island Shirting at 5c yard. The best feather proof Bed Tick at 14c yard.

Red, White, and Blue Flannels, from 12½ to 50c yard. In our Silk department our stock is complete. Yard wide black Taffetta at $1.00, $1.19 and $1.39 per yard.

Shoes! Shoes!!

Just received 450 pair Vicious Shoes that we are having a special run on at $1.50, equal to any $2.00 shoes sold in the city. We have a big line of Rubber Shoes for Men, Children and Women. The best quality of $1.00 Goodyear Rubbers at 75c. Men's roll edge Rubbers at 85c. Ladies' Rubbers for 25 to 50c. Children's Rubbers from 10c to 25c.

Men's Rubber Boots from $2.25 to $3.50. House Slippers for Ladies and Gentlemen—we sell the U-Never-'Em brand—soft and flexible, and will give good service, from 40 to 65c a pair. We sell all grades of Children Shoes, and we sell the cheap, good shoes for a little money.

Blankets! Cold Weather Blankets!! We have too many Blankets, and we want to sell you some cheap. Blankets at $1 a pair less than they were last year. We have Cotton Blankets for 23c each. Heavy Wool Mixed Blankets at $1, 11-4 Wool Mixed Blankets at $1.85; N. C. Elken Mill All-Wool Rose Blankets at $3, sold for $4; 11-4 All-Wool Rose Blankets for $4 a pair. We find that we are overstocked in Blankets, and we want to sell them low.

Overalls—for Engineers, Firemen, Machinists, Plumbers and Laborers. We sell the Newfoot Standard $1 Overalls. The J. C. Overalls at $1 each. The Railroad Overalls are 50 and 75c. We have a Heavy Weight Overall for 39c. Coats and Pants to match and a full line of sizes.

Boys' Pants! Mothers, we can sell you Boys' Pants, made of all wool worsted and made with tape seams, for 50c a pair, all sizes.

Men's heavy working pants at $1 a pair; extra heavy, nice-looking pants at $1.25; we carry a big line of fine pants from $2 to $4 a pair. Heavy, all-worsted pants, worth $3, for $2 50 a pair. We have about 100 men's suits to close out—we need the room. Suits we sold for $7.50 and $8 we will sell for $5, strictly all-wool and nice looking; this is a chance to get a nice suit for $5, many of them for less than cost.

We also have a big line of boys' suits to sell out, good suits for little money; strictly all-wool suit for $2, and up; boys' heavy cheviot waists for 25c; white launderied waists with tape extension band for 50c.

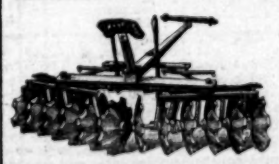
Lap robes for baby carriages—a nice line of colors for 75c each; for buggies—a nice new stock that will run in price from $1.50 to $4.50 each, all pretty colors. A new lot of rugs just received: 4 4 Smyrna all-wool rugs for 75c; 5 4 size for $1.48, 6-4 for $1.98, 8-4 for $2.75 and 10 4 for $4.50. Art squares 37½c square yards: 7½ by 9 are $2.75 each; 9 by 9 for $3 75 each and 9 by 12 for $4.50 for each.

Our store is full of new goods and our prices are guaranteed to be as low as the lowest. We are furnishing cards with all cash purchases and giving away presents every day.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.

"District Agents" for the

"CLARKS CUTAWAY DISC HARROWS,"



One of the greatest labor-saving machines known, and such work as it does cannot be done by any other machine made.

In a few days will show one of the largest and finest lines of American and English double and single breech loading Shot Guns ever brought to this market.

sep 17 tf Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.

Rehder's Rehder's

CRAWFORD SHOES, $3.50.

NOTHING MORE STYLISH AND BETTER FOR THE PRICE.

Phone us; have us send up several pairs for your inspection. New lot just in. We want to make you one of the many Crawford customers we have.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

615, 617 and 619 North Fourth Street,

Car fare paid on purchases of $2.00 and over. jan 4 tf

A Happy New Year to You!

One and all, of our many friends and patrons. We extend our best wishes for your health and prosperity for 1903, and solicit a continuation of your

SHOE TRADE,

Which we hope to merit by giving you the BEST SHOES for the least money.

GEO. R. FRENCH & SONS.

dec 28 tf

One Price Marked in Plain Figures. THANKS! Liberal Terms to the Right People.

I desire to express my sincere thanks to my friends for the more than liberal patronage they have extended me during the past year, and with the hope that they have had a merry Christmas, wish them a happy and prospereus "New Year."

If any one has neglected to do their duty Xmas, or wish to "reciprocate" New Year, I have a few "left overs" at a reduced price.

N. F. PARKER,

Furniture and Furniture Novelties, 111 Market St.

Bell 'Phone 613. Inter-State 421.

dec 28 tf

THE MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK,

OF WILMINGTON, N. C.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

Deposits, showing increase of business since organization.

March 1st, 1899	$222,000
December 31st, 1899	354,000
December 31st, 1900	432,000
December 31st, 1901	684,000
December 31st, 1902	1,200,000

H. C. McQUEEN, President. J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.

jan 1 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

LOW ROUND TRIP

Rates From Wilmington

Sixth Annual Exhibition, Charlotte Poultry Association, Charlotte, N. C., January 13th-15th, 1903. Dates of sale January 11th to 14th, inclusive. Final limit January 16th. Rate, $6.30.

W. J. CRAIG, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

Approved: H. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.

nov 15 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect Nov. 30, 1902.

NORTHBOUND.

	No. 65	No. 40
Lv Wilmington	9 30 a m	7 00 p m
Ar Goldsboro	12.21 p m	9 38 p m
Ar Wilson	1 18 p m	10 40 p m
Ar Rocky Mount	1 55 p m	11.35 p m
Ar Norlina	3 05 p m	
Ar Weldon	4 53 p m	1 45 a m
Ar Petersburg	6 03 p m	2 55 a m
Ar Richmond	7.45 p m	4 07 a m
Ar Washington	11.40 p m	7 04 a m
Ar Baltimore	1.36 a m	9 10 a m
Ar Philadelphia	4 05 a m	11 35 a m
Ar New York	7.05 a m	1 50 p m

SOUTHBOUND.

	No. 41	No. 49
Lv New York	9 00 a m	9 30 p m
Ar Philadelphia	11 30 a m	12 10 a m
Ar Baltimore	1 44 p m	2 37 a m
Ar Washington	3 50 p m	5.45 a m
Ar Norfolk		9 00 a m
Ar Richmond	6 56 p m	8.30 a m
Ar Petersburg	7 32 p m	9 13 a m
Ar Weldon	9 04 p m	11 23 a m
Ar Rocky Mount	10 07 P m	12 59 p m
Ar Wilson	10 48 p m	1 46 p m
Ar Goldsboro	7.15 a m	8.55 p m
Ar Wilmington	10 15 a m	5.-5 p m

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND THE SOUTH.

SOUTHBOUND.

	Daily Ex. Sunday.	Daily.	Daily.
Lv Wilmington	6 00 a m	3 45 p m	7.00 p m
Ar Florence	9 25 a m	7.30 p m	8.35 a m
Ar Charleston	1 10 p m	11 15 p m	5.45 a m
Ar Savannah	6.35 p m	3.00 a m	7.05 a m
Ar Jacksonville		9.00 a m	12 45 p m
Ar Tampa		7.00 p m	10.00 p m

NORTHBOUND.

	Daily Ex. Sunday.	Daily.
Lv Tampa	8.05 p m	9 30 a m
Ar Jacksonville	7.30 a m	7.00 p m
Ar Savannah	1.10 p m	1.15 a m
Ar Charleston	3 15 p m	6.25 a m
Ar Florence	6 03 p m	9 45 a m
Ar Wilmington	11.45 p m	1.40 p m

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND SANFORD.

	West Bound Daily.	East Bound Daily
Lv Wilmington	9 10 a m	Ar. 8.00 p m
Ar Fayetteville	12 21 p m	Ar. 5 00 p m
Ar San ord	1 30 p m	Lv. 3 45 p m

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND NEWBERN.

	North Bound Daily ex Sunday.	South Bound Daily ex Sunday.
Lv Wilmington	12 32 p m	Ar. 12 08 p m
Ar Newbern	5 40 p m	Lv. 9 03 a m

‡Via Wilson.

Trains Nos 40 and 41 carry Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with Penna R. R. for all points east.

W. J. CRAIG, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

H. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.

jy 21 tf

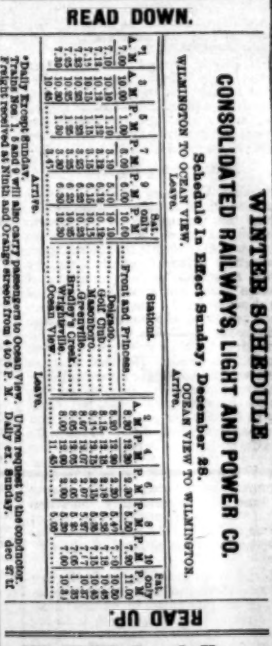
READ DOWN.

WINTER SCHEDULE

CONSOLIDATED RAILWAYS, LIGHT AND POWER CO.

Schedule in Effect Sunday, December 28.

WILMINGTON TO OCEAN VIEW. OCEAN VIEW TO WILMINGTON.



*Daily Except Sunday. †Trains Nos. 1, 5 and 9 will not carry passengers to Ocean View. Freight received at Ninth and Orange streets from 9 to 5 P. M. Daily ex. Sunday. Upon request to the conductor.

READ UP.

We Will Bond You.

The United States Fidelity and Guarantee Company, Home office, Baltimore, Md.

Paid Up Capital, $1,500,000

Surety Bonds.

Fidelity Contract Judicial,

Judicial Bonds executed without delay. State and county officials bonded.

Burglar Insurance.

Banks, Stores, Residences insured against burglary or theft.

Correspondence solicited.

C. D. WEEKS, General Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

oc 14 2m

Call and Examine Our

FINE LOT OF

Christmas Goods.

Royal Cluster Raisins.
Finest Seeded Raisins and Currants.
Freshest Nuts of all kinds, shelled and in the shell.
Roquefort, Edam and Pineapple Cheese, and almost every other article in our line for the Holidays.

WILMINGTON GROCERY CO.,

JNO. L. BOATWRIGHT, Manager, Both 'Phones No. 14. dec 16 tf

"THE FAVORITE."

"The Favorite" Barber Shop is now more attractive than ever. Recent improvements make it more pleasing to the eye; while it still maintains its old reputation for the very best service to its patrons.

GUION & DAVIS, no 29 tf 7 South Front Stree

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

Schedule in Effect Nov. 22.

TRAIN 39 Leaves Wilmington at 3.20 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5.44 P. M., Pembroke 6.10 P. M., Maxton 6.40 P. M., Hamlet 7.20 P. M., Charlotte 10.35 P. M.

TRAIN 40 Leaves Charlotte 5.0 1A. M., Hamlet at 8.25 A. M., arrives Maxton 9.10 A. M., Pembroke 9.43 A. M., Lumberton 10.06 A. M., Wilmington 12.30 noon.

WESTBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Hamlet	9 45 p m	7.40 a m
Ar Monroe	11 7 p m	9.12 a m
Ar Charlotte		10.35 a m
Ar Chester	12.51 a m	12.30 o m
Ar Greenwood	3.36 a m	12.27 p m
Ar Athens	3 50 a m	5.10 p m
Ar Atlanta	7.35 a m	4.00 p m

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points.

SOUTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	9 45 p m	7.35 a m
Ar Columbia	1.15 a m	11.30 a m
Ar Savannah	6.00 a m	4.10 p m
Ar Jacksonville	7.00 a m	9.15 p m
Ar Tampa	6.0 p m	6.00 a m

NORTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	10.40 p m	7.00 a m
Ar Raleigh	1.50 a m	11.10 a m
Ar Norlina	3.33 a m	1.35 p m
Ar Portsmouth	7.15 a m	5.35 p m
Ar Norfolk		

Lv Hamlet	10 40 p m	7.00 a m
Ar Raleigh	1.50 a m	11.45 a m
Ar Norlina	3.33 a m	1.35 p m
Ar Petersburg	5.13 a m	4.07 p m
Ar Richmond	6.30 a m	5.05 p m
Ar Washington	10.10 a m	8.30 p m
Ar Baltimore	11.35 a m	11.20 p m
Ar New York	4.15 p m	6.30 a m

Train 40 leaving Hamlet at 8.25 a. m. takes passengers from train 21, leaving New York at 12.35 p. m.; Baltimore at 3.45 p. m.; Washington 7.00 p. m.; Richmond 10.27 p. m.; Portsmouth 9 05 p. m.; Norfolk 8.30 p. m.; Raleigh 4.15 a. m. arriving at Hamlet at 7.00 a. m. From train 40, leaving Atlanta 1.00 p. m.; Athens 3.07 p. m.; Chester 4.15 a. m.; Charlotte 5.01 a. m.; Monroe 8.40 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.30 a. m.

From train 86 leaving Jacksonville 4.30 p. m.; Savannah 12.10 p. m.; Columbia 8.55 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 6.2) a. m.

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, etc., apply to Thomas D Hoarce, General Agent, Wilmington, N C.

nov 25 tf

THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN

ESTABLISHED 1831

The ONLY Agricultural NEWSpaper,

AND ADMITTEDLY THE

Leading Agricultural Journal of the World.

Every department written by specialists, the highest authorities in their respective lines.

No other paper pretends to compare with it in qualifications of editorial staff.

Gives the agricultural NEWS with a degree of completeness not even attempted by others.

INDISPENSABLE TO ALL COUNTRY RESIDENTS WHO WISH TO KEEP UP WITH THE TIMES.

Single Subscription, $1.50;
Two Subscriptions, $2.50;
Five Subscriptions, $5.50.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS to RAISERS OF LARGER CLUBS.

Four Months' Trial Trip 50 cents.

SPECIMEN COPIES

will be mailed free on request. It will pay anybody interested in any way in country life to send for them. Address the publishers:

LUTHER TUCKER & SON, Albany, N. Y.

Subscriptions taken at this office. Both papers together, $

Maxton Building and Loan Association,

MAXTON N. C

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, MAXTON.
ED. MCRAE, MAXTON.
A. J. MCKINNON, MAXTON.
G. B. PATTERSON, MAXTON.
J B. WEATHERLY, MAXTON.
W. H. BERNARD, WILMINGTON.
M. G. MCKENZIE, MAXTON.

Initiation fee, 25 cents per share. Subscriptions to stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per share.

The management is prudent and economical as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred D. CROOM President.

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 16.

To Take Effect Sunday, Oct. 21, 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

GOING EAST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Pass'g'r Trains Leave	STATIONS	GOING WEST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Pass'g'r Trains Leave
P. M.	P. M.	Goldsboro	A. M.	A. M.
	4 40	Kinston	10 15	
7 40	5 00	Newbern	9 07	9 30
7 05	7 07	Morehead City	8 40	7 37
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.25 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 1.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train arriving at Goldsboro 1.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 4.00 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

oct 23 tf H. L. DILL, Sup't.

The Clyde Steamship Co

New York,

Wilmington, N. C., and Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

From New York for Wilmington.

ONEIDA..... Saturday, Jan. 10
GEO. W. CLYDE..... Saturday, Jan. 17

From Wilmington for New York.

CLYDE..... Saturday, Jan. 10
ONEIDA..... Saturday, Jan. 17

From Wilmington for Georgetown.

CLYDE..... Tuesday, Jan. 6
ONEIDA..... Tuesday, Jan. 13

Steamship Oneida does not carry passengers.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight and passage apply to H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt. Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, General Manager, 11 State street, New York.

jan 3 1y

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JAN. 7.

GATTIS GETS SPEAKERSHIP.

Selected by Caucus of Democratic Legislators Last Night—Other Nominations—The Senatorship.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 6.—The caucus of Democratic members of the House to-night resulted in the following nominations, which will be confirmed when the House organizes to-morrow:

Speaker, S. M. Gattis, of Orange; Principal Clerk, Frank D. Hackett, of Wilkesboro; Reading Clerk, F. P. Arendell, of Raleigh; Engrossing Clerk, J. H. Fonville, of Duplin; Doorkeeper, J. H. Karr, of Caswell; Assistant Doorkeeper, W. S. Lineberry, of Randolph. The vote for Speaker was: Gattis, 68; Morton, 10; Lucas, 7; Smith, 7.

The Senate caucus made the following nominations: Principal Clerk, J. A. Maxwell, Richmond county; Reading Clerk, T. J. Murphy, Greensboro; Doorkeeper, D. S. Batts, Wilson; Assistant Doorkeeper, D. P. Goode, Burke; Engrossing Clerk, O. P. Shell, Dunn; Calendar Clerk, M. L. Shipman, Hendersonville.

Senator J. A. Brown, of Columbus, was elected president pro tem. of the Senate. It was decided to hold a joint caucus of the House and Senate to-morrow night to appoint a time for nominating a United States Senator.

The biennial report of State Treasurer Lacy, filed with the Governor to-day, gives the State's estimated income for the next two years, based on the present revenue act, at $2,850,128, and estimated expenses at $3,899,600, showing a probable deficit of $49,452. The Treasurer asks the Legislature to repay him $373.94, defalcations by Major Martin, ex-Treasurer Worth's institutional clerk, while retained by Mr. Lacy for a few weeks to coach his clerk, he having in that time stole the amount asked. The feature of the report shows the cost of each county to the State and amount each pays to the State, many counties receiving much more from the State than they pay in taxes. Cumberland, for instance, receives $17,045 from the State and pays in taxes only $10,112. Durham county pays the largest excess, $20,000; Mecklenburg second, with $79,918. New Hanover's excess is $17,950.

The Board of Directors of the N. C. Railroad Co. met to-day and declared its usual 3½ per cent. semi-annual dividend.

83RD. BIRTHDAY CELEBRATION.

Communicated.

Owing to the very inclement weather on the evening of Jan. 2nd, the celebration of the eighty-third anniversary of the birth of Mrs. Rosa King was postponed until the 5th, and on last night at the residence of her son, Mr. B. R. King, on Wooster street near Seventh, there were present fifty-five of Mrs. King's direct descendants including her children, grand-children and great-grand-children, while many were absent in other States. There were present over one hundred of the family connection, besides numerous friends of the family.

The entertainment was very impressive, especially the reading of the scriptures by Elder Isaac W. King, and the prayer by Elder Jos. P. King; after which all her sons present in a few brief but appropriate remarks told of a mother's love and prayers which had stimulated them to live in the fear of the Lord and try to honor Him in all their walks of life. Then followed the offerings of the presents, beginning with the eldest, even down to the tiny tot who came to their grandma's chair and after kissing her affectionately, dropped their offering in her lap, consisting of coin and other nice things to cheer her declining years.

Mr. Robt. H. King amused the audience with selections from a phonograph, Miss Gracie King sang "Christ the Child," assisted by Woodie and Sion King with Mrs. Grant at the piano. Refreshments were served and the happy party dispersed wishing "Grandma King" many returns of her birthday.

GREAT BRITAIN PROTESTS.

Against Turkey Giving Permission to Russian Warships to Pass Dardanelles.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 6.—Great Britain has vigorously protested to the Turkish government against the permission granted in September last to four unarmed Russian torpedo boat destroyers to pass through the Dardanelles into the Black sea, under the commercial flag of Russia. These vessels were about to start on the proposed trip. The British note says the passage of the Dardanelles by the torpedo boat destroyers would be a violation of the existing international treaties, and that if Russian warships are thus allowed to use the Dardanelles Great Britain will reserve the right to demand similar privileges. The protest has caused irritation in Russian circles.

DIED IN CHARLESTON.

Geo. W. Williams, Millionaire President of the Carolina Savings Bank.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Jan. 6.—George W. Williams, millionaire president of the Carolina Savings Bank, and the oldest banker in the State, died at his home here this morning, aged 83 years.

With ten dollars in his pocket he became a clerk in Augusta, Ga., in 1838, and in two years he was taken into co-partnership. In 1852 he began business here. During his long business career he has divided with his partners $31,000,000 in profits.

B. C. Epperson, superintendent of the second division of the Central Railroad of Georgia, and one of the best known railroad men in the South, died in Macon, Ga., Mr. Epperson was 57 years of age.

Wonderful Nerve.

Is displayed by many a man enduring pains of accidental Cuts, Wounds, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Sore Feet or Stiff Joints. But there's no need for it. Bucklen's Arnica Salve will kill the pain and cure the trouble. It's the best Salve on earth for Piles, too. Only 25c at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

EVENTFUL DAY IN THE SENATE.

A Notable Speech by Senator Hoar on His Bill Regarding the Trusts

SENATOR VEST'S ADDRESS.

Fervent Appeal in Behalf of Resolution for Removal of Duty on Coal—Dingley Tariff Law Criticised—House Passed General Staff Bill

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—The day in the Senate was eventful because of a notable speech by Senator Hoar on his bill regarding trusts, and the attack by Senator Vest on protected industries through the operation of the Dingley law. Senator Hoar's utterances were listened to with marked attention. He said that nearly all thoughtful men in this country are agreed that some legislation, state or national, ought to be had for the regulation and control of what are called "trusts," and of large masses of capital accumulated by corporations or artificial persons holding property and conducting business without individual liability. There was, he said a general feeling of insecurity and alarm about the matter, and we are dealing with a real peril and not with a fancied or imaginary danger. He argued that if his bill should become law and prove effective no corporation engaging in the commerce which is within the jurisdiction of Congress can keep its condition a secret. The bill, he said, depends for its validity on the constitutional power of Congress to regulate international and interstate commerce. Should the bill not prove effective, he contended that it would be easy to extend its operation by imposing a personal liability on every stockholder.

Threaten Republican Liberty.

The senator discussed the effect of the control of vast wealth by individuals, saying that in such a system there was much to threaten. Most of the vast fortunes of the present day had been accumulated within thirty years. "Is there anything to render it unlikely?" he asked, "that if one of these vast fortunes has grown from a hundred thousand to a hundred million or thousand million in thirty years, that in the hands of the next possessor in another thirty or fifty years the hundred million may become an hundred thousand million, or the thousand million a thousand thousand million?" But great as were the possibilities of the accumulation of great wealth by individuals, he did not find in such accumulation the same peril that is found in corporate control of such wealth. This was true, he said, because the natural man dies and his estate is distributed under the law, while the corporation lives forever. "It goes through the probate court," he said. "Its internal transactions are kept secret. It is not zealous for its honor or reputation except so far as its honor or reputation is essential to its getting money. It has no soul and no conscience. In general, the men who are most powerful in its management can, if they see fit, avoid responsibility to the public opinion. They always expect to avoid personal liability for obligations."

The Power of Corporations.

Speaking of corporations, Mr. Hoar said no power less than that of the entire nation is capable of dealing with them. The question was the most important that had come up for a long time. "For," said he, "we are to deal not only with foreign commerce, but with that compared with which the foreign commerce of the world is but a drop in the bucket—the domestic commerce of the United States." This commerce is, he continued, in the hands of the great corporations and it is properly in their hands. Two important steps already had been taken in the passage of the interstate commerce law and the Sherman anti-trust law, but while both measures had proved efficacious, they had fallen short of the requirements.

Senator Vest's Remarks.

Senator Vest used as a text for his remarks his resolution yesterday inviting the Committee on Finance to prepare and report a bill removing the duty on coal. Feeble in the extreme, supporting himself on his desk, he called attention to the condition of distress which had arisen as a result of the shortage in the coal supply. There was a breathless silence in the chamber as he spoke and every senator on the floor turned in his direction in order to catch his words. He said that the question was no longer a partisan one, but one of humanity, and that we are not on the verge of a crisis, but actually in it. He charged the Republican senators with being dumb to the state of affairs, having only in mind the party cry, "stand pat." He characterized the Dingley tariff act as a "sacred elephant," with which nothing was to be done. He sarcastically remarked that if the whole question was one of raising money for the next presidential campaign that was the end of the discussion.

He criticised the Dingley tariff law and said there was no more chance today, in his judgment, to reduce a single duty in the Dingley act than for him to carry off the capitol building on his shoulders. A tariff, in his opinion, was "an independent mutuality agreement." A protected industry he said, was like a brood of English sparrows—when one gives a cry the others rush to its rescue.

Mr. Aldrich, Rhode Island, took occasion to deny certain statements by Mr. Vest attributed to Mr. Dingley, to the effect that the rates of the bill were made unnecessarily high in order that reciprocity treaties might be made.

Mr. Nelson asked where the provision relating to coal was inserted, and Mr. Aldrich said in the Senate.

Mr. Vest then said the Congressional Record showed that Mr. Allison offered the provision, that it was debated at length and voted upon, the Republicans voting for it and the Democrats against it. He declared that the Republican leaders had sat silent under the declaration of the secretary of the navy that the duty on coal had been "sneaked or smuggled into the Dingley bill."

The resolution went over until to-morrow, when Mr. Aldrich will reply to Mr. Vest.

House of Representatives.

The House to-day passed the bill for the creation of a general staff for the army by a vote of 153 to 52. By the terms of the bill it becomes the duty of the general staff to prepare plans for the national defence and for the mobilization of the army in time of war, to investigate and report upon all questions affecting the efficiency of the service and to render professional aid to the secretary of war and to general officers and other superior commanders. The general staff corps is to consist of one chief of staff and two general officers, all to be detailed by the President from officers of the army at large not below the grade of a brigadier general, four colonels, six lieutenant colonels and twelve majors, twenty captains to be detailed from officers of the grades of captain or first lieutenant, who while so serving shall have the rank, pay and allowances of captains mounted. All officers in the general staff shall be detailed thereto for periods of four years.

During the debate on the bill Mr. Klutiz, of North Carolina, criticised it. He believed that a general in the field was better able to command the army than a board of strategy sitting around a table in Washington. He said that the strategy board during the Spanish war was ridiculed, and that it was only after Dewey had cut the cable that he had the free hand which gave him the opportunity to win the great victory in Manila bay.

Mr. Hay, of Virginia, also discussed the bill.

After the general staff bill had been disposed of, six members in succession—Messrs. Cooper of Wisconsin, Lamb of Virginia, Morrell of Pennsylvania, Burk of Pennsylvania, Cassel of Pennsylvania and Adams of Pennsylvania—arose and denied published reports to the effect that they had joined with other members to "pool" their clerical work.

A number of bills of a minor character were passed, the most important being one to increase the pension of soldiers totally deaf from $30 to $40 per month.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE.

Commission to Take Testimony in Charlotte Regarding Complaint of Unjust Discrimination in Rates.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—Members of the Interstate Commerce Commission left to-night for Charlotte, N. C., to take testimony to-morrow regarding the complaint of the Charlotte Shippers' Association of unjust discrimination of various railroads against Charlotte. The charges allege that the Southern, Seaboard Air Line, Baltimore and Ohio, Chesapeake and Ohio, Norfolk and Western, Pennsylvania, Clyde Steamship Company, Old Dominion Steamship Company, Merchants and Miners' Transportation Company and the Baltimore Steam Packet Company imposed rates from eastern points to Charlotte that are unreasonable as compared with such rates to Norfolk, Richmond, Lynchburg, Danville and Wilmington; also, that the rates to Charlotte from Chicago, East St. Louis, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Louisville, Nashville, Memphis and New Orleans are unreasonable and unjust as compared to the rates to Norfolk, Richmond, Lynchburg, Danville and Wilmington.

THE ALLIES ANSWER CASTRO.

Expectation That the Case Will Now Go to The Hague Tribunal for Final Adjustment.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—Secretary Hay has received the British and German governments' answers to President Castro's last proposal relative to arbitration. The British note is interlocutory, but in substance states that if Venezuela wishes a conference with a view to submitting the differences between the two countries to arbitration Great Britain will accede. The conditions attached vary slightly from the original British proposition, but in the judgment of officials here the differences between the allies and Venezuela in respect to arbitration are much diminished and there is warrant for the expectation that the case will now surely go to The Hague. The next step will be a reply from President Castro. The German note was in many respects similar to that from Great Britain.

LONDON, January 6.—A dispatch to the *Central News* from Rome says the Italian cruisers Puglia, Cristofero Colombo and Dogali have been ordered to the Caribbean sea.

MEETING IN GREENSBORO.

Representative Business Men from All Parts of the State—Committees Appointed to Confer With Railroads.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Jan. 6.—In response to a call recently sent out by President J. W. Hanes, of the Winston-Salem Chamber of Commerce, ninety representatives of chambers of commerce and business men generally met in Greensboro to-day and appointed committees to take steps to hold conferences with the railroads with the object of securing an abatement of the discrimination in freight rates which it is alleged exist against North Carolina points.

At the conclusion of the meeting about sixty owners of cotton mill properties held a session and discussed insurance and other matters. It was the sentiment of the meeting that the restrictions on mutual companies should be removed by the Legislature to an extent that would induce them to again enter the State. Resolutions were passed for representation to the Legislature pledging the mills to foster improved conditions of labor in the textile factories of the State.

A HOTEL FIRE.

Four Persons Lost Their Lives—Several Others Were Injured.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, Jan. 6.—Four persons lost their lives in a fire at the Hotel Somerset, an eight-story brick structure at Wabash avenue and 13th streets, early to-day. Three of the victims, Mrs. E. T. Perry, aged 35, and her two daughters, eight and nine years respectively, were burned or suffocated to death in their room on the fourth floor. The fourth victim, known as Ethel Saunders, jumped from a window of a room on the same floor to the street. She died in an ambulance on the way to the hospital. William A. Parker, a guest, jumped from the window of a room on the fourth floor to the roof of a two-story building adjoining the hotel. He sustained a broken ankle and severe bruises. Several other persons were more or less injured. The financial loss was about $2,000.

PLAGUE STRICKEN MAZATLAN.

No Business Doing—Government Trying to Exterminate the Disease.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MEXICO CITY, January 6.—But little news has been received from the plague-stricken city of Mazatlan, but the Federal government is doing everything in its power to relieve the distress there, and exterminate the disease. There is practically no business doing in Mazatlan. No ships are entering the port, which has no railroad connection with any of the rest of the country.

Mother: If baby has a cough or cold, Anway's Croup Syrup will cure him and give all hands a good night's sleep. It is safe to give babies and no home is safe without a bottle on hand. Thousands use it; every mother who has used it will testify to its merits. 25 cts. at Robt. R. Bellamy's. †

FOR LEGISLATION AGAINST TRUSTS.

Attorney General Knox Gives His Views on the Subject of Combinations.

TO REGULATE, NOT DESTROY.

Identical Letters Addressed to Senator Hoar, of the Senate Judiciary Committee, and to Representative Littlefield.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—Attorney General Knox has addressed identical letters to Senator Hoar, chairman of the Senate Judiciary Committee, and Representative Littlefield, chairman of the sub-committee of the House Judiciary Committee, giving his views on the subject of trusts. These letters are in reply to Mr. Littlefield, asking the views of Mr. Knox. The letters embrace three subjects, the questions which have been decided by the courts, the questions which are pending in the courts and suggestions respecting further legislation. Under the latter head Mr. Knox says, in part:

"The end desired by the overwhelming majority of the people of all sections of the country is that combinations of capital should be regulated and not destroyed, and that measures should be taken to correct the tendency toward monopolization of the industrial business of the country. I assume a thing to be avoided, even by suggestion, is legislation regarding the business interests of the country beyond such as will accomplish this end.

"In my judgment, a monopoly in any industry would be impossible in this country, where money is abundant and cheap and in the hands or within the reach of keen and capable men, if competition were assured of a fair and open field and protected against unfair, artificial and discriminating practical results.

"If the law will guarantee to the smaller producer protection against piratical methods in competition and keep the highways to the market open and available to him for the same tolls charged to his powerful competitor, he will manage to live and thrive to an astonishing degree.

"I believe the rebate and kindred advantages granted by carriers to large operators in the leading industries of the country, as against their competitors, in many years amounted to a sum that would represent fair interest upon the actual money invested in the business operated.

"My suggestion, therefore, is that as a first step in a policy to be persistently pursued until every industry, large and small, in the country can be assured of equal rights and opportunities, and until the tendency to monopolization of important industries of the country are checked, that all discriminatory practices affecting interstate trade be made offenses to be enjoined and punished. Such legislation to be directed alike against those who give and those who receive the advantages thereof, and to cover discrimination in prices as against competitors in particular localities resorted to for the purpose of destroying competition in interstate and foreign trade, as well as discrimination by carriers.

"Such practices are so obviously unreasonable that to inhibit them would be a measure of a regulation of commerce to keep it free and unrestrained and not to attempt to exercise arbitrary power. Such legislation, to certainly reach producers guilty of practices injurious to national and international commerce, should, in my judgment, take the form of penalizing the transportation of the goods produced by the guilty parties, and the Federal courts should be given power to restrain such transportation at the suit of the government.

"It may be said that under the 'act to regulate commerce,' a shipper may be punished for receiving rebates or special rates less than the lawful published rates, and that it is unnecessary to provide additional legislation in this respect to curb trusts, monopolies and combinations. This, however, is an erroneous statement.

"It should be made unlawful to transport traffic by carriers subject to the act to regulate commerce at any rate less than such carriers' published rate, and all who participate in the violation of such law should be punished.

"An additional provision should be made to reach corporations, combinations and associations which produce and manufacture wholly within a State, but whose products or sales enter into interstate commerce. It should relate, first, to such concerns as fatten on rebates in the transportation, and second to concerns which sell below the general price of a commodity in particular localities, or otherwise in particular localities wantonly seek to destroy competition. These could be excluded with their commodities, products or manufacture from crossing State lines.

"As the power of Congress over interstate commerce is plenary, excepting as it may be limited by the constitution, it is believed that it may impose such a punishment for the violation of the public policy of the nation."

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—An abstract of the attorney general's recommendations regarding trusts and combinations, which were made public at some length to-day, was given out at the White House to-night. It represents the general attitude of the administration on this subject, and was authorized by the President. The abstract is a condensation of the attorney-general's letter to Senator Hoar and Mr. Littlefield and follows closely the language of that letter.

STATEMENT OF FACTS.

Regarding the Postoffice Trouble at Indianola, Mississippi.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MEMPHIS, TENN., Jan. 6.—A special to the *Commercial-Appeal* from Indianola, Miss., says:

In compliance with a request from United States Senator McLaurin, asking for a full statement of facts regarding the post office trouble, P. C. Chapman, a lawyer of Indianola, has forwarded a report covering the case from the outset.

The statement emphatically denies that any threats or intimidations were made at any time against Minnie Cox, postmistress. The statement recites further that the woman's resignation was voluntary after she had received a petition from the people asking that she give up the office.

COAL STRIKE COMMISSION.

Non-Union Men Take the Stand in Philadelphia and Give Their Side of the Trouble—Nothing New Learned.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 6.—Twenty two men, all but one of whom were employed in and about the coal mines, appeared before the anthracite coal strike commission at its first sessions in this city to-day, and recited the oft-told tales of persecution they and others underwent during the late coal strike because they chose to work rather than join the strikers. The single exception was Charles H. Schade, of Scranton, the sheriff of Lackawanna county, and his presence on the stand under the cross-examination of President John Mitchell of the Miners' Union, proved to be the principal feature of the day's proceedings.

The sheriff said that he issued a proclamation shortly after the strike was inaugurated calling upon all persons in the county to keep the peace; that it was difficult to get men to act as deputy sheriffs; that in most cases where there was trouble it was usually over when the sheriff's men arrived; that he attempted to keep the peace in all localities and that when the disturbances became serious he had to call on the Governor for troops. He had appealed to Mr. Mitchell, whom he knew quite well, to assist in keeping the peace, and the miners' president promised to do so, and in several instances was of material help to the sheriff.

Sheriff Schadt was then turned over to the miners for cross-examination. To the surprise of most persons Mr. Mitchell took up the examination. It was the first time that Mr. Mitchell had attempted cross-examination to any extent. When Mr. Mitchell finished General Wilson asked the witness why the county did not pay the deputy sheriffs. The sheriff replied that the companies had made the request for protection, and counsel for the witness explained that it was the law in Pennsylvania that the company asking for protection was compelled to pay for it. This explanation rather surprised Chairman Gray, who, as he straightened himself up in his chair, said:

"I am not familiar with such an un-American law. When the county or the State relinquishes the duty of maintaining and protecting life and property and keeping the peace, then they are open to criticism."

While the entire day was taken up in hearing the stories told of intimidation, boycotting and personal violence the commission learned nothing new, the evidence being mostly cumulative.

It was said by a member of the commission to-day that it is possible the hearings of the commission may take not above two more weeks. The lawyers for the operators met late this afternoon and arranged matters so as to expedite the hearing.

DEMAND ON SAN DOMINGO.

For the Immediate Payment of $326,000 Due the Clyde Line.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAN DOMINGO, Jan. 6.—United States Minister Powell made a demand on the Dominican government to-day for the immediate payment of $326,000 due to the Clyde Line.

It was reported from San Domingo December 18, that Minister Powell had formally demanded of the Dominican government the withdrawal of the decree changing the port duties and that failing to comply with it, the Dominican government pay the Clyde Line the money due to that company and recognize certain other rights claimed by the United States minister for the company. The government it is understood is disposed to resist this demand.

THE STEEL TRUST.

Dividends Declared—Net Earnings for the Year $132,662,000.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—The directors of the United Steel Corporation to-day declared the regular dividends of 1 per cent. on the common and 1¾ on the preferred stocks. A financial statement was issued, showing net earnings for the calendar year, with December estimated, of $132,662,000.

The net earnings for the quarter ended December 31st were $31,339 613, an increase of $1,579,700 as compared with the same period of 1901. The transfer books close for the preferred dividend on January 20th and for the common on March 16th.

INDIANOLA POSTOFFICE.

Case Again Discussed at the Cabinet Meeting in Washington.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—The Indianola, Miss., postoffice case was discussed at the cabinet meeting to day and it was decided that the stand taken by the administration should be adhered to, the contention being that the people themselves and not the government are responsible for the closing of the office. Postmaster General Payne had no new developments to report.

WARM WIRELETS.

Andrew Carnegie has offered to give the city of Philadelphia a million and a half dollars towards the extension of its free library system.

It is announced informally that the President will shortly appoint Rev. Dr. Lyons, a colored preacher of Baltimore, as United States minister to Liberia.

Fire yesterday morning at New Orleans threatened for a time to wipe out Newspaper Row. The *Picayune* office and the *Item* office were considerably damaged. Loss about $25,000.

Charles Henry, also known as "Honey Meter," a press man, shot himself yesterday in New York city, and died shortly afterwards. Later his daughter was found dead in her bed. Doctors who examined the girl's body gave it as their opinion that she died of arsenic poisoning.

David Church, a grocery merchant of Birmingham, Ala., was held up at his place of business by two white men and a negro and was forced to open his safe and turn over sixty-nine dollars. The robbers bound and gagged Church, tied him to his bed and set fire to the house.

General Richard Snowden Andrews, a Confederate officer who won fame for himself and his company as the commander of "Andrews Battery," died at his home in Baltimore yesterday, aged 72 years. Death was caused by paralysis.

For Whooping Cough use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by J. C. Shepard.

NORWEGIAN BARQUE LOST.

Bound from Valparaiso to British Columbia—Eighteen of the Crew Were Drowned—Only Two Saved.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SEATTLE, WASH., January 6.—A special from Port Townsend says:

News of the wreck of the Norwegian barque Prince Arthur, and the death by drowning of eighteen of the crew, was received today. The Prince Arthur was bound from Valparaiso for British Columbia, to load lumber. On the night of January 2nd the vessel ran into breakers and was soon hard and fast on the rocky shore. The scene of the disaster is about two miles south of Ozette, on the Washington coast, fifteen miles from Cape Flattery. This is precisely the position from which the German bark Flotbek was rescued by tugs in the winter of 1900. As the Umatilla light vessel lies about three miles off-shore from Ozette, it is believed that the latter mistook the lightship for Tatoosh island and sailed eastward, believing she was entering the straits instead of running blindly to her fate. Of the twenty members of the Prince Arthur's crew only two were saved and they were nearly exhausted when they were washed ashore. The bodies of eighteen drowned seamen are being buried by rancher Indians living near the scene of the disaster.

NEW USE FOR DRIED PEAS.

Utilized For Charcoal to Make the Finest Smokeless Powder.

A most interesting place is the interior of a powder factory, where fine and special brands of smokeless powder and powder used for sporting purposes are made. The smokeless powder, which, like all other gunpowder, is composed of the three ingredients charcoal, saltpeter and sulphur, requires a certain kind of charcoal, which the manufacturers discovered at the cost of a great deal of experimenting with fine cedar, boxwood, maple and ash charcoal.

The special charcoal used in the manufacture of smokeless and other brands of fine powder is made, surprising though it may seem, of dried peas, which are "burned" to charcoal in kilns like any other vegetable material used for the same purpose. These dried peas make a very fine and light charcoal that is in great demand in the manufacture of fine gunpowder.

Lampblack Has a Rival.

Lampblack, which for hundreds and hundreds of years has been the chief ingredient in dark pigments, may perhaps be eventually displaced by acetylene black. The chief merit of the new substance lies in its freedom from grease and therefore in its more ready manipulation. It is said that acetylene black is admirably adapted for the uses of the manufacturer of printing inks. The high cost of acetylene black is the only obstacle that bars its general introduction.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Gas Heaters and Gas Radiators in all styles. Consolidated Railways, Light and Power Co. jan 7 1t

The Mechanics' Home Association opens a new series of Building and Loan stock every January and July. N. Jacobi President. W. N. Cumming, Secretary jan 7 1t

Pipe Organs and Pianos tuned. For a short time I will be at 114 South Third street. Please send orders early. John G. Russell, jan 6 1w

Notice—The tug-boat LaChiquita having been sold by J. L. Russ to Peter Simpson, all persons having claims against said boat will present them to me within thirty days from the date of this notice. This the 18th day of December, 1902. Robert G. Grady. dec 19 30t

Call at Winstead's for all kinds of foreign and domestic fruit; Bananas a specialty No. 213 Market and 215 North Front street. Bell Phones 208 and 687. oc 19 tf

Sewing Machines, Typewriters, Organs and Furniture repaired, cleaned and revarnished; Upholstering done also. H. J. Grunan's headquarters for Wall Paper. J. H. Farrar, No. 8½ North Second street. my 16 tf

ALL STYLES

Gas Heaters

AND

Gas Radiators

FOR

BATH ROOM,

BED-ROOM

AND HALL.

Consolidated Railways, Light & Power Co.

jan 7 3t

OFFICE SUPPLIES.

Ledgers, Journals,
Cash Books,
Letter Books,
Memo. Books.

Inks and Mucilage,
Paste and Glue,
Letter Boxes and Baskets,
Pens and Pencils,
Files of all kinds.

I have any thing you need in your office. Write for prices.

ROBERT C. DeROSSET,

The Stationer,

dec 30 tf 107 Market St.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the next General Assembly for the passage of an Act granting a charter to the Elizabeth City and Carolina Through Line Railroad Co., (or other name suggested at time of making application) to build a railroad from Wilmington, N. C., to Elizabeth City, N. C.

January 1st, 1903.

jan 2 12t ROBERT G. GRADY.

THE SUPPLY OF HARD COAL IN THIS

City is about exhausted, and present outlook that it cannot be replenished before Spring. In the meantime we are prepared to supply you with the very best

BITUMINOUS LUMP COAL AT $5 PER TON,

Which is as cheap as cut wood at $2.50 per cord.

This coal is equally as good in every way as any Coal sold on this market.

'Phone your orders to us and they will be filled promptly.

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

Phones—Bell 94. Inter-State 146. dec 28 tf

COPYRIGHT.

WHAT OFTEN HAPPENS!

You have less coal in the cellar than you thought. The strike has put the price of Anthracite beyond our reach; however, we have on hand a large quantity of

Red Jacket Egg,
Tennessee Jellico,
Mountain Ash and Coke,

which are the best substitutes for Anthracite. Will be pleased to receive your orders, and will do our best to please you.

The Coal, Cement & Supply Co.

Foie Agents and Distributers.

Davis' 100 per cent. pure Paints, Colors and Varnishes, and

SOUTHERN OIL AND SUPPLY CO.'S

Lubricating, Linseed and Illuminating Oils.

Give us trial order. 214 South Front street.

'Phones—Inter State 72, Bell 643. jan 6 tf

$28,397.25

Was paid out in interest to depositors by this bank during 1902. If you are not receiving any of this amount, why not open an account to-day? Your money is safe, is suoject to your check at any time, and is working for you day and night. Four per cent. interest paid on all deposits of $5.00 and upwards. Investigate us.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.,

108 Princess Street.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.
jan 6 tf C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier.

Notice to Depositors.

Interest for the quarter ending January 1st, 1903, is now due and payable. Depositors are requested to bring in their books at their convenience to have interest entered.

The People's Savings Bank,

Opposite the Postoffice.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, Vice President.
jan 3 tf W. H. [illegible], Cashier.

New Embroidery Received.

We have just received a large stock of Embroidery, beautiful in design and positively the cheapest ever before offered. Special sale this week.

S. & B. SOLOMON.

jan 6 tf

The Annual Meeting

Of the stockholders of the Atlantic National Bank, Wilmington, N. C., will be held Tuesday, January 13th, 12 noon, at its banking house.

ANDREW MORELAND,

jan 4 tf CASHIER.

Begin the New Year

AND CHEW

"Showdown" Tobacco.
"Showdown" Tobacco.
"Showdown" Tobacco

This brand has quality and is a good seller—handle it and increase your business. We handle all brands well known on the market and are headquarters for Tobaccos and Cigars. None better than

Cuban Blossom,
Renown, Renown
Topical Twist Head.

VOLLERS & HASHAGEN,

Distributors for brands of American and Continental Tobacco Co. jan 4 tf

We Thank You

For your very liberal patronage during the past year and especially during the holidays.

We have a few very handsome Chairs left from the holiday trade, marked "away down." We will endeavor to merit your confidence and solicit your trade by adhering to our motto; honest goods, low prices and polite service.

A happy and prosperous New Year to you all.

GASTON D. PHARES & CO.

Inter-State 'Phone 78. 116-118 Market street.
jan 4 tf

It is for you to say

If you know what first class goods are, as to quality and style. After seeing my line call and judge for yourself.

J. T. BURKE,

THE JEWELER,

27 South Front St.

dec 18 tf

Bananas!

Bananas!!

A NICE LOT OF YELLOW FRUIT

just received.

Can serve you all.

J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.

dec 31 tf

Wanted Raw Furs.

20,000 O'POSSUMS.
10,000 COONS.
5,000 SKUNKS.
3,000 FOXS.
2,000 MINKS.
1,000 OTTERS.

Highest cash prices paid and quotations furnished by applying to

SAM'L BEAR, SR., & SONS,

Wilmington, N. C.

dec 24 tf [illegible] Market street.

We have on hand a fresh shipment of

WILEY'S CANDIES,

THE BEST MADE.

HARDIN'S

Palace Pharmacy,

126 South Front Street.

jan 1 tf Call both 'Phones 55.